

To: Mr. David Kimmett, juwi, Inc.

From: Sean Moore, SME Environmental, Inc.

Date: January 20, 2021

Re: Summary of two Phase I Environmental Assessment efforts completed in 2020 and 2021 in Dolores County, Colorado by SME Environmental, Inc., on behalf of juwi, Inc.

In May 2020, SME Environmental Inc. (SME) performed a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) of juwi, Inc's (juwi) proposed photovoltaic electricity generation facility near Cahone, Colorado. The May 2020 study area included approximately 1550 acres and SME identified five Recognized Environmental Conditions (RECs) under the effort.

In the fall of 2020, juwi contacted SME to complete another Phase I ESA on an additional area added to the project since May 2020 (approximately 378 acres located generally within or adjacent (west) to the study area defined under the May 2020 assessment). SME's second Phase I ESA report is dated January 2021 and SME identified no RECs under the second effort.

Per your request, attached hereto are both Phase I ESA reports described above (Attachments 1 and 2, below):

ATTACHMENT 1: PHASE I ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT DOLORES CANYON SOLAR PROJECT DOLORES COUNTY, COLORADO; DATED MAY 2020.

ATTACHMENT 2: PHASE I ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT, DOLORES CANYON SOLAR PROJECT, DOLORES COUNTY, COLORADO; DATED JANUARY 2021.

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Attachment 1:

PHASE I ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT DOLORES CANYON SOLAR PROJECT DOLORES COUNTYY, COLORADO; DATED MAY 2020



Attachment 2:

PHASE I ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT DOLORES CANYON SOLAR PROJECT DOLORES COUNTYY, COLORADO; DATED JANUARY 2021

PHASE I ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT

Dolores Canyon Solar Project Dolores County, Colorado



Prepared for: Dolores Canyon Solar LLC & JSI Construction Group LLC Dave Kimmett AICP Project Planner Juwi Inc. 1710 29th Street, Suite 1068

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May 2020

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A Phase I Environmental Site Assessment was completed by SME Environmental, Inc. (SME) for Dolores Canyon Solar LLC & JSI Construction Group LLC (JSI) for the Dolores Canyon Solar Project property located approximately 3.5 miles northeast of the town of Cahone at a latitude, longitude of 37.704045°, -108.749024° respectively, within Dolores County, Colorado. It is the understanding of SME that this *Phase I ESA* was conducted as part of a potential property lease. The *User* of this *Phase I ESA*, as defined by the ASTM 1527-13 standard, is Dave Kimmett of juwi, Inc. The *target property* is depicted on Figure 1: Appendix 1.

SME performed this *Phase I Environmental Site Assessment* in conformance with the scope and limitations of ASTM Standard 1527-13, *Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments*. Any exceptions to, or deletions from, this practice are described in Sections 7.0 and 8.1 of this report. The objective of a *Phase I ESA* is to identify *recognized environmental conditions (REC)*s or the presence or likely presence of any hazardous substances or petroleum products in, on, or at a property. The *Phase I Environmental Site Assessment* included a review of public agency files and databases, historical aerial photography and topographic maps, and reviews of available historical city directories. The *Phase I ESA* also included a site inspection of the *target property*, limited site inspections of adjacent and nearby properties, and interviews with individuals with knowledge of the *target property* and its surroundings.

As a result of this *Phase I ESA*, SME identified a total of eleven *findings*: six *findings* on the *target property* and five *finding* on adjoining properties, as defined by ASTM Standard 1527-13 as known or suspected *RECs*. These are discussed in detail in Section 7.0 of this report. After an evaluation of these *findings* for this *Phase I ESA*, it is the opinion of SME, as *environmental professional*, that **five of the** *findings* **constitute** *RECs*.

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LIST OF ACRONYMS

AMSD	Approximate Minimum Search Distance
AMSL	Above Mean Sea Level
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
AUL	Activity Use Limitation
CCR	Code of Colorado Regulations
CDPHE	Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
CERCLIS	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, & Liability Information System
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
	Corrective Action Report
COSTIS	Colorado Storage Tank Information System
CREC	Conditional Recognized Environmental Condition
DOPS	Division of Oil and Public Safety
DWR	Division of Water Resources
ERNS	Federal Emergency Response Notification System
EDR	Environmental Data Research
ESA	Environmental Site Assessment
GIS	Geographic Information Science
HMWMD	Hazardous Materials Waste Management Division
HREC	Historical Recognized Environmental Condition
HVAC	Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning
ISA	Initial Site Assessment
NFA	No Further Action
NFRAP	CERCLIS No Further Remedial Action Planned
NMDOT	New Mexico Department of Transportation
NPL	National Priorities List
NRCS	Natural Resource Conservation Service
PCB	Polychlorinated biphenyl
PG	Professional Geologist
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
REC	Recognized Environmental Condition
SME	SME Environmental, Inc.
TP	Target Property
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
USGS	United States Geological Survey
VCUP	Voluntary Cleanup Program
WQCC	Water Quality Control Commission
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report documents the methodology and *findings* of a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (*Phase I ESA*) for the Dolores Canyon Solar Project property located approximately 3.5 miles northeast of the town of Cahone at a latitude, longitude of 37.704045°, -108.749024° respectively, within Dolores County, Colorado (Figure 1: Appendix 1). SME Environmental, Inc. (SME) performed this *Phase I ESA* for Dave Kimmett of juwi, Inc., who is the *User* for this *report*. It is our understanding and belief that the *Phase I ESA* is being performed in consideration of a property lease involving the *Target Property*. For the purposes of this report, this property will hereafter be called the "*target property*" or "*TP*".

Section 7.0 of this *report* provides the Findings and Opinions of this *Phase I ESA*, including known or suspected *recognized environmental conditions* (*REC*)s and *de minimis conditions*, and the *environmental professional's* opinions of the impact on the *target property* of conditions identified as *findings*.

1.1 Scope of Work and Purpose of the Phase I ESA

This *Phase I ESA* was performed in general accordance with industry practices, with additional requirements as specified by the ASTM International E1527-13 *Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments* (ASTM standard E 1527-13). The objective of a *Phase I ESA* is to identify *RECs*, or the presence or likely presence of any *hazardous substances* or petroleum products in, on, or at a *target property* due to any release to the environment, under conditions indicative of a release to the environment, or under conditions that pose a material threat of a future release to the environment. A *hazardous substance* is defined in the ASTM standard E 1527-13 as "a hazardous substance pursuant to CERCLA 42 U.S.C.§9601(14)" (ASTM International, 2013). The *Phase I ESA* is performed in an effort to satisfy one of the requirements to qualify for the *landowner liability protections* to CERCLA liability, specifically "the practice that constitutes *all appropriate inquiry* into the previous ownership and uses of the *property*, consistent with good commercial or customary practice as defined in 42 U.S.C. §9601(35) (B)" (ASTM International, 2013). Such evaluation is based upon a diligent search of reasonably ascertainable and available records, interviews and site reconnaissance.

This *Phase I ESA* is not intended to address *hazardous substances* which do not present potential liability as defined by Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) known also as Superfund. Nor is it intended to address radon, asbestos, lead-based paint, lead or any other contaminants in drinking water, or the identification of wetlands.

The methods, *findings* and conclusions of this assessment are documented in this report regarding the recognized environmental and health and safety conditions associated with the *target property*. Subsurface investigation, materials sampling, and laboratory analysis were not a part of the approved scope of work for this project. Completion of the tasks associated with the preparation of this report provided a baseline evaluation of the former uses, existing conditions on the surface, and the potential for contaminants to migrate onto and away from the *target property*.

Terms used in the ASTM standard E 1527-13 are italicized in this report. Any exceptions to, or deletions from this practice are described in Sections 7.0 and 8.1 of this *report*. The Scope for this *Phase I ESA* is based on the ASTM standard E 1527-13 guidance and includes the following:

- Review of federal, state, and local regulatory agency records for facilities that use, store, and/or generate hazardous chemicals, which would help reveal *RECs* (Section 4.2);
- Site visit to assess visually obvious features or materials that may present the potential for *RECs* (Section 5.0);
- Interviews with personnel with knowledge of the site's history (Section 6.0);
- Site historical sources review (Section 4.1).

SME has made certain assumptions in preparing the scope of this assessment:

- Data gathered from public information sources (i.e., libraries or public regulatory agencies) are accurate and reliable.
- Site operations reflect site conditions relative to potential releases and no intentional concealment of environmental conditions or releases has occurred.
- Interview information is directly reported as gathered by the assessor and is limited by the accuracy of the interviewee's recollection and experience.
- Published geologic information and site observations made by the environmental professional are used to estimate likely contaminant migration pathways in the subsurface. These estimates by the environmental professional are limited in accuracy and are generally cross-referenced with existing information about similar sites and environmental releases in the area.

The ASTM International E1527-13 standard describes this methodology as representing good commercial and customary practice for identifying *RECs*, *historically recognized environmental conditions* (*HRECs*), and *controlled recognized environmental conditions* (*CRECs*).

1.2 Definitions of Terminology

The ASTM International E1527-13 standard defines the following terms:

- Findings. Known or suspect recognized environmental conditions, controlled recognized environmental conditions, historical recognized environmental conditions, and de minimis conditions.
- De minimis conditions. A condition that generally does not present a threat to human health or the environment and that generally would not be the subject of an enforcement action if brought to the attention of appropriate governmental agencies. Conditions determined to be de minimis conditions are not recognized environmental conditions nor controlled recognized environmental conditions.
- Recognized Environmental Condition. The presence or likely presence of any hazardous substances or petroleum products on a property under conditions that indicate an

existing release, a past release or a material threat of a release of any hazardous substances or petroleum products into structures on the property or into the ground, ground water or surface water of the property. The term includes hazardous substances or petroleum products even under conditions in compliance with laws. The term is not intended to include *de minimis* conditions that generally do not present a material risk of harm to public health or the environment and that generally would not be the subject of an enforcement action if brought to the attention of appropriate governmental agencies. Conditions determined to be *de minimis* are not *REC*s.

- Historical Recognized Environmental Condition. A historical recognized environmental condition (HREC), as defined by ASTM International E1527-13 standard, is "a past release of any hazardous substances or petroleum products that has occurred in connection with the property and has been addressed to the satisfaction of the applicable regulatory authority or meeting unrestricted residential use criteria established by a regulatory authority, without subjecting the property to any required controls (e.g., property use restrictions, Activity Use Limitations (AUL), institutional controls, or engineering controls)." HRECs are not RECs, though they have been in the past. HRECs are de minimis conditions, and, therefore, are not classified as RECs. For example, many HRECs will be historical auto service centers where the hazardous waste has either been cleared by a regulatory authority or naturally depleted over time to a de minimis condition.
- Controlled Recognized Environmental Condition. A controlled recognized environmental condition (CREC) is defined by ASTM International E1527-13 standard as "a recognized environmental condition resulting from a past release of hazardous substances or petroleum products that has been addressed to the satisfaction of the applicable regulatory authority (e.g., as evidenced by the issuance of a No Further Action (NFA) letter or equivalent, or meeting risk-based criteria established by regulatory authority), with hazardous substances or petroleum products allowed to remain in place subject to the implementation of required controls (e.g., property use restrictions, AULs, institutional controls, or engineering controls)." For example, lead-contaminated aquifers that are filtered before becoming available for human consumption are considered a *CREC*.

2.0 PROJECT AND SITE DESCRIPTION

2.1 Project Location

The *TP* measures approximately 1325 ac and lies approximately 3.5 miles northeast of the Town of Cahone at a latitude, longitude of 37.704045°, -108.749024° respectively, within Dolores County, Colorado (Figure 1: Appendix 1).

2.2 Physical Setting

2.2.1 Topography

Elevation on the *TP* ranges from approximately 7,050 feet above mean sea level (AMSL) at its southwest corner to 7,400 feet AMSL on its northeast corner. The TP is located on a relatively flat plateau above the Dolores River Canyon. The majority of the TP drains via various irrigation and roadside ditches that trend towards the south and west and flow into an unnamed tributary,

which then flows east into the Dolores River. A topographic map with the location of the *target property* depicted is provided as Figure 1 in Appendix 1.

2.2.2 Geology

The bedrock underlying the *TP* consists of surficial deposits from relatively recent geomorphological and alluvial processes (Quaternary) and Dakota Sandstone/Burro Canyon Formation (Lower Cretaceous) (Kirkham, Gillam, Loseke, Ruf, & Carroll, 1999).

2.2.3 Soils

Soils

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey has mapped soils within the vicinity of the target property as part of the soil mapping effort for Dolores County. The soils within the target property are within the "Cortez Area, Colorado, Parts of Dolores and Montezuma Counties" soil survey area. All below data comes from the USDA NRCS Web Soil Survey. Soil underlying the target property consists of:

- Pescar fine sandy loam. This unit forms valleys, terraces, and floodplains and is composed of stratified, calcareous alluvium. It is somewhat poorly drained with a high capacity to transmit water. (U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, 2020).
- Ackmen loam, 1 to 3 percent slope. The Ackmen component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 1 to 3 percent. This component is on flood plains, draws, drainageways. The parent material consists of alluvium derived from mixed. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is rarely flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 4 percent. This component is in the R036XY405CO Loamy Bottom (ghost) ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3s. Irrigated land capability classification is 3s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 3 percent. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface.
- Cahona-Pulpit complex, 3 to 9 percent slopes. The Cahona component makes up 50 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 3 to 9 percent. This component is on dissected dip slopes on cuestas. The parent material consists of eolian deposits derived from sandstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. This component is in the R036XY142CO Loamy Mesa Top (pinyon-juniper)

ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 25 percent. The Pulpit component makes up 35 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 3 to 9 percent. This component is on dissected dip slopes on cuestas. The parent material consists of eolian deposits over residuum weathered from sandstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 20 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. This component is in the R036XY142CO Loamy Mesa Top - (pinyon-juniper) ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 8 percent. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface.

- Falconry gravelly fine sandy loam, 3 to 25 percent slopes. The Falconry component makes up 80 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 3 to 25 percent. This component is on hills, ridges, canyons. The parent material consists of slope alluvium over residuum weathered from sandstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 10 to 20 inches. The natural drainage class is somewhat excessively drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is very low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 85 percent. Below this thin organic horizon the organic matter content is about 4 percent. This component is in the R048AY255CO Pine Grasslands ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface.
- Gladel-Pulpit complex, 3 to 9 percent slopes. The Gladel component makes up 45 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 3 to 9 percent. This component is on dissected dip slopes on cuestas. The parent material consists of eolian deposits over residuum weathered from sandstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 12 to 20 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. This component is in the R036XY141CO Shallow Loamy Mesa Top (pinyon-juniper) ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 7s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 9 percent. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface. The Pulpit component makes up 35 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 3 to 9 percent. This component is on dissected dip slopes on cuestas. The parent material consists of eolian deposits over residuum weathered from sandstone. Depth to a root

restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 20 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. This component is in the R036XY142CO Loamy Mesa Top - (pinyon-juniper) ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4e. Irrigated land capability classification is 4e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 8 percent. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface.

- Granath loam, 3 to 6 percent slopes and 6 to 12 percent slopes. The Granath component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 3 to 6 percent and 6 6o 12 percent. This component is on dip slopes. The parent material consists of eolian deposits derived from sandstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. This component is in the R048AY255CO Pine Grasslands ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface.
- Hesperus loam, 3 to 6 percent slopes. The Hesperus component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 3 to 6 percent. This component is on alluvial fans, drainageways, structural benches. The parent material consists of alluvium derived from sandstone and shale. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 4 percent. This component is in the R048AY222CO Loamy Park ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4c. Irrigated land capability classification is 4c. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.
- Ilex-Granath complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes and 6 to 12 percent slopes. The llex component makes up 60 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent and 6 to 12 percent. The parent material consists of eolian deposits derived from sandstone and shale and/or residuum weathered from sandstone and shale. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is high. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. This component is in the R048AY234CO Mountain Clay ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4c. Irrigated

land capability classification is 4c. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 20 percent. The Granath component makes up 25 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. The parent material consists of eolian deposits derived from sandstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 85 percent. Below this thin organic horizon the organic matter content is about 3 percent. This component is in the R048AY228CO Mountain Loam ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4c. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 3 percent. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface.

- Nortez-Granath complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes. The Nortez component makes up 45 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 6 percent. The parent material consists of eolian deposits derived from sandstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 20 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is very low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is high. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. This component is in the R048AY255CO Pine Grasslands ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4c. Irrigated land capability classification is 4c. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 1 percent. The Granath component makes up 40 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 6 percent. The parent material consists of eolian deposits derived from sandstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 85 percent. Below this thin organic horizon the organic matter content is about 3 percent. This component is in the R048AY228CO Mountain Loam ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4c. Irrigated land capability classification is 4c. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 3 percent. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface.
- Ormiston-Granath complex, 1 to 12 percent slopes. The Ormiston component makes up 50 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 1 to 12 percent. This component is on dip slopes. The parent material consists of slope alluvium over residuum weathered from sandstone and shale. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 40 to 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low.

Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 18 percent. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface. The Granath component makes up 40 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 1 to 12 percent. This component is on dip slopes. The parent material consists of eolian deposits derived from sandstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. This component is in the R048AY255CO Pine Grasslands ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface.

- Pramiss very cobbly loam, 6 to 25 percent slopes. The Pramiss component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 6 to 25 percent. This component is on hills, ridges. The parent material consists of colluvium and/or reworked eolian deposits over residuum weathered from sandstone and shale. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, paralithic, is 20 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is very low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is high. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 4 percent. This component is in the R048AY234CO Mountain Clay ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 30 inches of the soil surface.
- Wauquie, Stony-Dolcan complex, 6 to 25 percent slopes. The Wauquie, Stony component makes up 45 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 6 to 25 percent. This component is on eroded dip slopes. The parent material consists of colluvium derived from sandstone and shale. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. This component is in the R036XY110CO Shallow Clay Loam (pinyon-juniper) ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 7e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 6 percent. This component is on eroded dip slopes. The parent material consists of colluvium over residuum weathered from sandstone and shale. Depth

to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, paralithic, is 6 to 20 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. This component is in the R036XY110CO Shallow Clay Loam - (pinyon-juniper) ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 7s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 3 percent.

- Wauquie-Dolcan-Rock outcrop complex, 25 to 80 percent slopes. The Wauquie, Stony component makes up 40 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 25 to 60 percent. This component is on canyons. The parent material consists of colluvium derived from sandstone and shale. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. This component is in the R036XY111CO Steep Shallow Clay Loam - (pinyon-juniper) ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 7s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 8 percent. The Dolcan component makes up 30 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 25 to 80 percent. This component is on canyons. The parent material consists of colluvium over residuum weathered from sandstone and shale. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, paralithic, is 10 to 20 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. This component is in the R036XY111CO Steep Shallow Clay Loam - (pinyon-juniper) ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 3 percent.
- Wetherill loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, 3 to 6 percent slopes, and 6 to 12 percent slopes. The Wetherill component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 1 to 3 percent, 3 to 6 percent and 6 to 12 percent. The parent material consists of eolian deposits derived from sandstone. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is high. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. This component is in the R036XY284CO Loamy Foothills ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3c. Irrigated land capability classification is 3c. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 5 percent.

3.0 USER PROVIDED INFORMATION

3.1 Information Reported by User

A *User* is defined by ASTM International E1527-13 standard as the party seeking to use the standard to complete a *Phase I ESA* of the study area and may include a potential purchaser of land of the *TP*, a potential tenant of the *TP*, an owner of land in the *TP*, a lender, or a technical manager. The *User* for this *Phase I ESA* is Dave Kimmett of juwi, Inc.

The User or authorized representative of the User provided the following documents:

- User Questionnaire, per ASTM E1527-13 standard Completed by Dave Kimmett, Dolores Canyon Solar representative.
- *Property Questionnaire*, per ASTM E1527-13 standard Completed by Clifford Baker (owner representative).
- *Property Questionnaire*, per ASTM E1527-13 standard Completed by Dwayne and Cherrie Garcher (owner representative).
- *Property Questionnaire*, per ASTM E1527-13 standard Completed by Sirus Bradfield (owner representative).

3.2 Information Reported by the *User* Regarding Environmental Liens or Specialized Knowledge or Experience

The *User* had no specialized knowledge or experience regarding environmental liens; Mr. Kimmett, representative of the *User*, informed SME that the User is not aware any of the following:

- Any environmental liens against the property.
- Any pending, threatened, or past litigation or administrative proceedings relevant to hazardous substances or used petroleum products in, on or from the site.
- Any notices from any governmental entity regarding any possible violation of environmental laws or possible liability relating to hazardous substances or used petroleum products in connection with the site.

Mr. Kimmett indicated no specialized knowledge regarding the *target property*.

3.3 Valuation Reduction for Environmental Issues

The *User* indicated that the purchase price being paid for the property reasonably reflects the fair market value of the property.

3.4 Owner, Property Manager, and Occupant Information

The User verified that the TP is currently occupied by multiple tenants.

3.5 Reason for Performing Phase I ESA

Mr. Kimmett indicated that the *Phase I ESA* is being performed in consideration of a property transaction regarding the *target property*.

4.0 RECORDS REVIEW

4.1 Historical Use Information

The objective of reviewing historical use information is to develop a history of previous land uses of the *TP*. Per the ASTM International E1527-13 standard, the *EP* should attempt to identify the use back to 1940. This information was used to assess the previous land uses for potential hazardous materials impacts that may affect the *TP*. The following information regarding the past and current uses of the site and adjoining properties was obtained from various public and private sources that were *reasonably ascertainable* and likely to provide useful information, as defined by the ASTM International E1527-13 standard. Information available through these sources is usually incomplete but may provide a general outline of the *TP*'s historical uses.

The specific *findings* identified during the course of this historical records review are not discussed in this section; see Section 7.0 for discussion related to any *findings* that resulted from this portion of the assessment.

4.1.1 Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps

Sanborn Maps were drawn by the Sanborn Fire Insurance Company to assist in underwriting properties from the late 1800s to the mid-1900s. For certain time intervals, the maps show much detail of buildings, improvements, and land uses. However, the coverage of this resource is typically limited to older districts in established towns and cities, and Sanborn Maps were not available for the study area.

4.1.2 Aerial Photography Review

Historical aerial photographs are valuable for the *EP* to review features of the *TP* and surrounding properties over a long period of time. A review of historical aerial photography may indicate past activities at a *property* not documented by other means or observed during a site inspection. The effectiveness of this technique depends on the scale and quality of the photographs and the available coverage. Historical aerial imagery was obtained through earthexplorer.gov. Copies of the photos are included in <u>Appendix IV</u>.

Aerial photography was reviewed for the following years: 1955, 1957, 1964, 1978, 1982, 1988, 1992, 1999, 2009, and 2017. Aerial photography was not found for dates prior to 1955.

4.1.3 Historical Topographic Maps

Historical topographic maps are valuable for the environmental assessor to review features of the *TP* and surrounding properties over a long period of time. A review of historical topographic maps may indicate past activities at a property not documented by other means or observed during a site inspection. The effectiveness of this technique depends on the scale and detail of maps. Historical topographic maps were obtained through ngmdb.usgs.gov/topoview and are included in <u>Appendix IV</u> or referenced in Section 9.0.

A review of topographic maps was conducted for the following years: 1956, 1965, 1982, 1993, 1994, 2010, 2011, and 2019

4.2 Public Records Review

SME reviewed records within the Approximate Minimum Search Distance (*AMSD*) of the *TP*, or the area for which records must be obtained and reviewed as per ASTM Standard E1527-13. The review included federal, state, local, and tribal databases as defined by ASTM Standard E1527-13. *AMSD*s for each database reviewed are listed in Table 4.1 and Table 4.2, below.

 Table 4.1 Federal Records (ASTM Standard Environmental Record Sources).

Federal Database	Approximate Minimum Search Distance
National Priorities List (NPL)	1.0 mile
Federal Delisted NPL site list	0.5 mile
Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Information System (CERCLIS) List	0.5 mile
CERCLIS No Further Remedial Action Planned (NFRAP) List	0.25 mile
Corrective Action Report (CORRACTS)	1.0 mile
Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) treatment, storage, and disposal facilities (TSD) list	0.5 mile
RCRA Generators lists	Property & adjoining property
Federal institutional control/engineering control registries	Property only
Federal Emergency Response Notification System (ERNS) list	Property only

*For a detailed list of databases searched and search radii refer to the EDR database report (<u>Appendix III</u>).

Table 4.2 State and Local Records (ASTM Standard Environmental Record Sources).

State Database	Approximate Minimum Search Distance
State- and tribal-equivalent NPL	1.0 mile
State- and tribal-equivalent CERCLIS	0.5 mile
State and tribal landfill and/or solid waste disposal site lists	0.5 mile
State and tribal leaking storage tank lists	0.5 mile
State and tribal registered storage tank lists	Property & adjoining property
State and tribal institutional control/engineering control registries	Property only
State and tribal voluntary cleanup sites	0.5 mile
State and tribal Brownfields sites	0.5 mile

*For a detailed list of databases searched and search radii refer to the EDR database report (<u>Appendix III</u>).

4.2.1 EDR Radius Map™

EDR was contracted by SME to complete a database search of federal, state, local, and tribal environmental record listings for the *TP*. A computerized environmental information database search was performed for the *TP* on May 4, 2020. The databases searched included federal, state, local, and tribal databases as defined by ASTM Standard E1527-13, as well as additional EDR

proprietary databases. For a detailed list of databases searched and *AMSD* refer to the EDR database report (<u>Appendix III</u>)].

The results of the database search reported no sites and no "orphan" listings (listings for sites with insufficient or conflicting address information, which renders the sites un-mappable) were identified. A complete copy of the EDR environmental database report is included in <u>Appendix</u> <u>III</u>, which provides the locations and further details of these results (EDR, Inc., 2019).

Results of SME's review of the EDR report relevant to this *Phase I ESA* are summarized in Section 7.0.

4.2.2 Additional Records Review

SME conducted additional records reviews to gather information concerning site *findings* and supplement the *findings* of the review of standard environmental records sources. Records were requested and/or files were viewed online from the following sources:

- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Envirofacts System Data Search (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 2019);
- USEPA Enforcement Compliance History Online (ECHO) database (US Environmental Protection Agency, 2019);
- Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) Hazardous Materials Waste Management Division (HMWMD);
- Colorado Oil and Gas Conservation commission (COGCC) Interactive Map

Results of SME's review of these additional records relevant to this *Phase I ESA* are discussed in Section 7.0.

5.0 SITE INSPECTION

A site reconnaissance was conducted on May 21, 2020 by Clint Casey of SME. The purpose of the visit was to look for obvious visual indications of historical or current operations that may have resulted in possible soil and/or groundwater contamination. The site visit included a visual evaluation of the grounds for indications of hazardous waste storage and disposal areas, storm drainage, underground and aboveground storage tank locations, and hazardous material storage and use areas.

The *TP* was generally inspected for evidence of hazardous materials and/or petroleum product contamination of surface soils. During the site visit, the *TP* and relevant adjoining properties were observed and photographed. These photographs document the conditions observed at the time of the site reconnaissance and help provide future reference for site identification. Photographs taken at the time of the site inspection are included in <u>Appendix II</u>.

Portions of the site were not visible due to dense vegetation and due to the size of the TP not all of the property was visually inspected, there was also no access available for the Montezuma county water pump within the TP. These are considered *limiting conditions*.

Observations leading to identification of *findings* are discussed in Section 7.0.

5.1 Historic and Current Uses

The following information is based upon Dolores County Assessor's records, historical aerial photography and maps, and interviews. This property has traditionally been used for farming and the southeast portion of the property was used as a tree farm for the last 60 years (Garcher, 2020). The readily available ownership history of the *TP* is depicted in Table 5.1.

Table 5.1 Ownership History for Parcel 505929400037 (source: Dolores County Assessor and Dolores County Colorado Online Map Viewer)

Property Owner (Grantor)	Property Purchaser (Grantee)	Date Transact	of ion	Property
Bryce James Tree Farm, Inc.				

Table 5.2 Ownership History for Parcel 505930400070 (source: Dolores County Assessor and Dolores County Colorado Online Map Viewer)

Property Owner (Grantor)	Property Purchaser (Grantee)	Date of Property Transaction
Jaclynn M. Thoes Et Al	Iris Lemoyne Bradfield (50%) and Patrick H. Thielen (Thielen Trust 50%)	2014

Table 5.3 Ownership History for Parcel 505929200071 (split into two sections) (source: DoloresCounty Assessor and Dolores County Colorado Online Map Viewer)

Property Owner (Grantor)	Property Purchaser (Grantee)	Date Transact	of ion	Property
Albert D. Garchar and Cherrie L. Garchar	Clifford H. Neely, Jr. and Alberta M. Neely	2011		

Table 5.4 Ownership History for Parcel 505929200122 (split into two sections) (source: DoloresCounty Assessor and Dolores County Colorado Online Map Viewer)

Property Owner (Grantor)	Property Purchaser (Grantee)	Date Transactio	of on	Property
Dwayne Garchar and Cherrie Family Trust	NA	NA		

Table 5.5 Ownership History for Parcel 505920400123 (source: Dolores County Assessor and Dolores County Colorado Online Map Viewer)

Property Owner (Grantor)	Property Purchaser (Grantee)	Date Transacti	of on	Property
Dwayne Garchar and Cherrie Family Trust	NA	NA		

Table 5.6 Ownership History for Parcel 505920300124 (source: Dolores County Assessor andDolores County Colorado Online Map Viewer)

Property Owner (Grantor)	Property Purchaser (Grantee)	Date Transactio	of on	Property
John N. Garchar and Kristina S. Garchar	NA	NA		

Table 5.7 Ownership History for Parcel 505919100011 (source: Dolores County Assessor and Dolores County Colorado Online Map Viewer)

Property Owner (Grantor)	Property Purchaser (Grantee)	Date Transacti	of on	Property
Robin E. Miller	Clifford Lynn Baker	2017		

More detailed information on this parcel, and the structures located on the parcel, is located in *Section 5.2*.

5.1.1 Adjacent Properties

- **East** : Open space, electrical substation, residential property, agricultural land.
- **South**: Open space, residential property, agricultural land, local roads.
- West: Open space, residential property, agricultural land, local roads.
- North: Open space, residential property, agricultural land, local roads

5.2 Structures, Roads and Other Improvements on the Target Property

Multiple structures and farming equipment are found throughout the TP. Multiple dirt roads, irrigation ditches, and utilities are found within the TP. The majority of the TP consists of agricultural and undeveloped land.

5.3 Utilities

- Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning (HVAC). None observed.
- Natural Gas. None observed.

- **Electric**. Empire Electric/Tristate.
- Water. None observed on TP.
- Sewer. None observed on TP.

5.4 Hazardous Substance Containers

Propane tanks and fuel drums were observed on site.

5.5 Storage Tanks

Aboveground storage tanks were observed on the TP.

5.6 Indications of PCBs

Multiple transformers were observed on and adjacent to the *TP*, all of the transformers observed were in good condition and were labeled as "No PCB's".

5.7 Land Conditions: soil staining pits, ponds, lagoons, stressed vegetation, etc.

SME observed soil staining among debris south of the Tree Farm office, several areas of debris were observed within the TP, and a small dump was observed along CR 16 was observed. These findings are discussed in greater detail within Section 7.0 of this report.

5.8 Wells, Septic Systems, and Wastewater Discharge

No indications of wells, septic systems, or wastewater discharge were observed at the site.

5.9 Indications of Solid Waste Disposal

Debris was observed throughout the *TP*. Evidence of buried waste was also observed. Findings associated with these observations are included in Section 7.0.

6.0 INTERVIEWS

Mr. Clint Casey with SME conducted interviews with people with knowledge of the *target property* and/or adjoining properties. The information gathered from these conversations was used to help assess the current and historical uses of and potential environmental liability associated with the *TP* and adjoining properties. Methods of the interview may include in person, telephone, email, or written correspondence. An interview was conducted with the following persons:

- Cherrie Garchar, property owner (Garchar; 2020);
- Mike Hannigan, Kinder Morgan Supervisor (Hannigan; 2020);

Interview documentation, including the *User* Questionnaire and *Owner* Questionnairre are attached in <u>Appendix V</u>. Results of these interviews relevant to this *Phase I ESA* are discussed in Section 7.0.

7.0 FINDINGS, OPINIONS, AND CONCLUSIONS

As a result of this *Phase I ESA*, SME identified six findings on the *target property* and five *finding* on adjoining properties. **Five** *REC's were* **identified as part of this** *Phase I ESA***.** The following

sections identify the evidence and rationale for SME's opinions on these *findings*. *Findings* on the *TP* are depicted on <u>Figure 2</u>, <u>Appendix I</u>. A photographic log taken during the site reconnaissance is included in <u>Appendix II</u>.

7.1 Target Property

Findings located on the *TP* are discussed below (see Appendix II for photographs which support the descriptions below).

Finding 1. Garchar Tree Farm Dump

This finding was identified based upon observations made during the site visit and the location is depicted on Figure 2, Appendix I.

During the site visit, SME personnel observed dozens of abandoned vehicles and farm equipment in this area. Multiple piles of debris and several stains were also observed in this area during the site visit. In a conversation with Cherrie Garchar, property owner, she stated that this area has been used as storage/dump for approximately 60 years. No debris was buried and no vehicle maintenance occurred in this area and no vehicle maintenance or oil changes are performed at this location. She also stated that she is not aware of any past releases of contaminants associated with this area (Garchar, 2020).

Summary

Due to the amount of debris and vehicles at this location and the long timeframe that material was dumped here there is the potential for contamination from this finding. **Therefore, this finding is considered a recognized environmental condition.**

Finding 2. Garcher Excavated Dump

This finding was identified based upon observations made during the site visit and the location is depicted on Figure 2, Appendix I.

During the site visit, SME personnel observed a large pile of debris in an excavated trench that was approximately 200'x75' and 30' deep. Debris consisted of household items, wood, and other miscellaneous debris. Debris was on bare dirt and no containment was observed on the underlying soil. In a conversation with Cherrie Garchar, property owner, she stated that this dump used to be a silage pit but was converted to a dump when a nearby residence burned down. The debris from the housefire was put in this dump in 2017 and has been used occasionally as the farm dump since then. She also stated that she is not aware of any past releases of contaminants associated with this dump and is unaware of any disposal of petroleum products or hazardous waste located there (Garchar, 2020). In a review of historical aerial photos this material is first observed in the 2017 aerial photo and is not visible in the 2004 aerial photo (Appendix IV).

Summary

Due to the amount of debris at this location there is the potential for contamination from this finding. **Therefore, this finding is considered a recognized environmental condition**.

Finding 3. Garcher Drainage Debris

This finding was identified based upon observations made during the site visit and the location is depicted on Figure 2, Appendix I.

During the site visit, SME personnel observed several abandoned vehicles and farm equipment in this area. Multiple piles of debris, various household appliances, approximately a dozen propane tanks, and several 50-gallon fuel drums were also observed in this area during the site visit. In a conversation with Cherrie Garchar, property owner, she stated that this area has been used as storage/dump for approximately 60 years, no debris was buried and no vehicle maintenance occurred in this area and no vehicle maintenance or oil changes are performed at this location. She also stated that she is not aware of any past releases of contaminants associated with this area and the fuel drums were only used to store feed (Garchar, 2020). In a review of historical aerial photos this material is first clearly observed in the 2002 aerial photo and additional debris was visible in the 2011 aerial photo (Appendix IV).

Summary

Due to the amount of debris and vehicles at this location and the long timeframe that material was dumped here there is the potential for contamination from this finding. **Therefore, this finding is considered a recognized environmental condition**.

Finding 4. Garcher abandoned AST and Debris

This finding was identified based upon observations made during the site visit and the location is depicted on Figure 2, Appendix I.

During the site visit, SME personnel observed several abandoned vehicles and farm equipment in this area, a large AST with a dispenser, dozens of partially buried tires, and multiple piles of debris. No secondary containment was observed in connection with this AST and it appeared that this area had not been utilized for some time. In a conversation with Cherrie Garchar, property owner, she stated that this area has been used for storage for approximately 60 years and a homestead with a hand dug well used to exist at this location. The AST was emplaced in the 1980s, contained diesel, and was used to fuel farm equipment and vehicles for approximately ten years. Minor vehicle maintenance and oil changes were also performed on the flat area created/outlined by the partially buried tires. She also stated that no debris was buried and she is not aware of any past releases of contaminants associated with this area (Garchar, 2020). In a review of historical aerial photography a structure is visible in this area in the 1964 aerial photo (Appendix IV).

Summary

Due to the prior fueling operations, unlined AST, and vehicle maintenance at this location there is the potential for contamination from this finding. Therefore, this finding is considered a recognized environmental condition.

Finding 5. Doe Canyon Disposal Facility

This finding was identified based upon research made prior to the site visit and the location is depicted on Figure 2, Appendix I.

The COGCC website had this site listed as a Kinder Morgan Disposal site. During the site visit, SME personnel did not observe any evidence of a disposal station. In a conversation with Cherrie Garchar, property owner, she stated that this area was permitted by Kinder Morgan, but the project never commenced and no activities associated with a disposal facility were performed. In a review of historical aerial photos no evidence of activities other than farming were observed at this location (Appendix IV).

Summary

This disposal facility was never built. Therefore, this finding is not considered a recognized environmental condition.

Finding 6. Miscellaneous Debris

This finding was identified during the site visit. *De minimis* debris was observed during the site visit in various locations throughout the TP (Not mapped).

Summary

The debris that is not defined above was not abundant and is considered a de minimis condition, or that which does not present a threat to human health of the environment and would not be the subject of an enforcement action by regulatory authorities. Therefore, it is not considered a recognized environmental condition.

7.2 Adjacent Properties

Findings on adjacent properties are discussed below and are depicted on Figure 2, Appendix I.

Finding 7. Tree Farm Garage and Shop

This finding was identified based upon observations made during the site visit and the location is depicted on Figure 2, Appendix I.

This finding is upgradient and approximately 50 feet from the TP. The tree farm has 3 large ASTs used for fueling purposes to the south of the barn, these ASTs did not have secondary containment at the time of the site visit and no evidence of stains were observed in the vicinity of these ASTs.

SME also observed dozens of abandoned vehicles and farm equipment in this area. In a conversation with Cherrie Garchar, property owner, she stated that this area has been used as the garage and shop for approximately 60 years, vehicle maintenance occurs in this area, and a UST and fueling area exist that have also been in use for 60 years. She also stated that she is not aware of any buried debris or any significant releases of contaminants associated with this area and groundwater is approximately 400 feet below ground surface (Garchar, 2020).

Summary

Due to the long timeframe during which fueling occurred at this location and the fact that material was dumped here. there is the potential for contamination from this finding to have impacts on the TP. **Therefore, this finding is considered a recognized environmental condition.**

Finding 8. Doe Canyon Compressor Station

This finding was identified based upon observations made during the site visit and the location is depicted on Figure 2, Appendix I.

This finding is downgradient and approximately 0.4 miles from the TP. Doe Canyon is a compressor station operated by Kinder Morgan. In a conversation with Mike Hannigan, Kinder Morgan Supervisor, he stated that no significant spills have occurred at this location (Hannigan, 2020).

Summary

Due to the distance from the TP, gradient, and lack of significant spills, this finding is not considered a recognized environmental condition.

Finding 9. Well DWD-1

This finding was identified based upon observations made during the site visit and the location is depicted on Figure 2, Appendix I.

This finding is upgradient and adjacent to the TP. This well has a spud date of 1983 and is permanently closed. No spills are listed for this site according to the COGCC and EPA websites and no evidence of hazardous materials were observed at the time of the site visit and hay bales were being stored at this location. In a conversation with Mike Hannigan, Kinder Morgan Supervisor, he stated that no significant spills have occurred at this location (Hannigan, 2020).

Summary

Due to the lack of significant spills it is unlikely that activities associated with this site have affected the TP. Therefore; this finding is not considered a recognized environmental condition.

Finding 10. Tri-State Substation

This finding was identified based upon observations made during the site visit and the location is depicted on Figure 2, Appendix I.

This finding is upgradient and adjacent to the TP. This substation is operated by Tri-State Generation and Transmission Association (Tri-State). No spills are listed for this site according to the EPA websites and two ASTs were observed to the north of the fenced area that appear to be used for fueling. Several attempts were made to contact Tri-State and no response was received within the timeframe of this report.

Summary

Due to the lack of significant spills and the depth of groundwater in this region it is unlikely that activities associated with this site have affected the TP. **Therefore; this finding is not considered a recognized environmental condition.**

Finding 11. Garcher Auto Shop

This finding was identified based upon observations made during the site visit and the location is depicted on Figure 2, Appendix I.

This finding is upgradient and adjacent to the TP. The Auto Shop has a large AST used for fueling purposes to the south of the barn, this AST did not have secondary containment at the time of the site visit and no evidence of minor stains were observed in the vicinity of these AST's.

SME also observed dozens of abandoned vehicles and farm equipment in this area. In a conversation with Cherrie Garchar, property owner, she stated that this area has been used as the garage and shop for farm operations for approximately 25 years, vehicle maintenance occurs in this area. She also stated that she is not aware of any buried debris or any significant releases of contaminants associated with this area and groundwater is approximately 400 feet below ground surface (Garchar, 2020).

Summary

Due to the lack of significant spills and the depth of groundwater in this region it is unlikely that activities associated with this site have affected the TP. **Therefore; this finding is not considered a recognized environmental condition.**

7.3 Data Gap Analysis

The ASTM Standard E1527-13 requires a listing of *data gaps*, including *data failure*, encountered during the investigative process that may affect the validity of the conclusions drawn by the *environmental professional*. The ASTM Standard E1527-13 also requires that the *environmental professional* estimate the relative importance of the data gaps. Generally, gaps in available data are related to the availability of historical data sources for specific sites of concern. The *environmental professional* uses multiple historical data sources as a method to provide coverage for *data gaps*. Historical information is collected on a recurring basis, and the passage of time between data sets may or may not constitute a significant gap in data coverage. For this *Phase I ESA*, the following items may constitute a data gap as defined by ASTM Standard E1527-13:

Aerial photography prior to 1955;

- Lack of coverage in Sanborn maps;
- Unable to observe portions of the property during site visit due to dense vegetation;

The above items do not affect the ability to identify *RECs*, due to the presence of other supporting information.

A *data failure* exists since the property history could not be identified back to the property's first use or 1960 (whichever is earlier) in 5-year intervals per the ASTM International E1527-13 standard. This is not considered to be a *data gap* since the *data failure* is not believed to hamper the identification of *RECs*.

7.4 Conclusion

SME performed a *Phase I ESA* in conformance with the scope and limitations of ASTM Standard E1527-13 of the *target property*. Any exceptions to, or deletions from, this practice are described in sections 7.0 and 8.1 of this *report*. This assessment has revealed **five** *RECs* in connection with the *target property*, as described in section 7.1 above.

8.0 QUALIFICATIONS AND LIMITING CONDITIONS

8.1 Method and Limitations

SME appreciates the opportunity to have performed this *Phase I ESA* on the Dolores Canyon Solar Project property. This service was performed in accordance with the scope-of-work as agreed to with Dave Kimmett of juwi, Inc. Our judgment regarding the potential for environmental impact is based on limited data to that which is *reasonably ascertainable* as defined by the ASTM Standard E1527-13 and our investigation was not intended to be a definitive investigation of contamination at the site.

SME conducted the tasks outlined in the scope-of-work consistent with the level of care ordinarily exercised by members of the profession currently practicing under similar conditions. The assessment was performed in general accordance with ASTM Standard E1527-13. No exceptions to, or deletions from, this practice occurred during the *Phase I ESA*, apart from the following:

- Limiting conditions that occurred during the site visit are described in section 7.0 of this report; and
- Data gaps are discussed in section 7.3 of this report.

The conclusions submitted in this report are based on the data obtained from the information reviewed, site observations, and personal interviews. Statements made by persons interviewed were relied upon in the development of the conclusions. No environmental assessment is infallible. Some uncertainty will always exist concerning the presence or absence of potentially adverse conditions at any particular property, irrespective of the rigor of the investigation. Accordingly, SME offers no warranty that adverse environmental conditions, other than those identified in this report, do not exist at the *TP* identified in this report. Per the ASTM Standard E1527-13, this *Phase I ESA* shall be considered invalid 180 days after the date of acquisition of the property or intended transaction.

8.2 Signature of Environmental Professional

I declare that, to the best of my professional knowledge and belief, I meet the definition of Environmental professional as defined in §312.10 of 40 CFR Part § 312. I have the specific qualifications based on education, training, and experience to assess a property of the nature, history, setting of the subject property. I have developed and performed the all appropriate inquiries in conformance with the standards and practices set forth in 40 CFR Part § 312.

Clinton Casery

Signature

Clint Casey, Environmental Scientist Print

8.3 Qualification of Environmental Professional

Clint Casey, Environmental Scientist

B.S. Environmental Geology Fort Lewis College, Durango

Mr. Casey has more than nine years of experience in the environmental consulting industries. For the past eight years he has authored and/or co-authored approximately 35 Phase I Environmental Site Assessments and assisted in five Phase II projects. He has worked on various projects involving contaminant transport, environmental remediation and watershed management, as well as Clean Water Act and NEPA permitting and regulatory compliance involving commercial developments, aggregate and mineral mining, and in the oil and gas industry.

9.0 REFERENCES

- ASTM International. (2013). *E1527-13, Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process.* West Conshohocken: ASTM International.
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- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. (2019). *Envirofacts System Data Search*. Retrieved from Envirofacts System Data Search: https://www3.epa.gov/enviro/

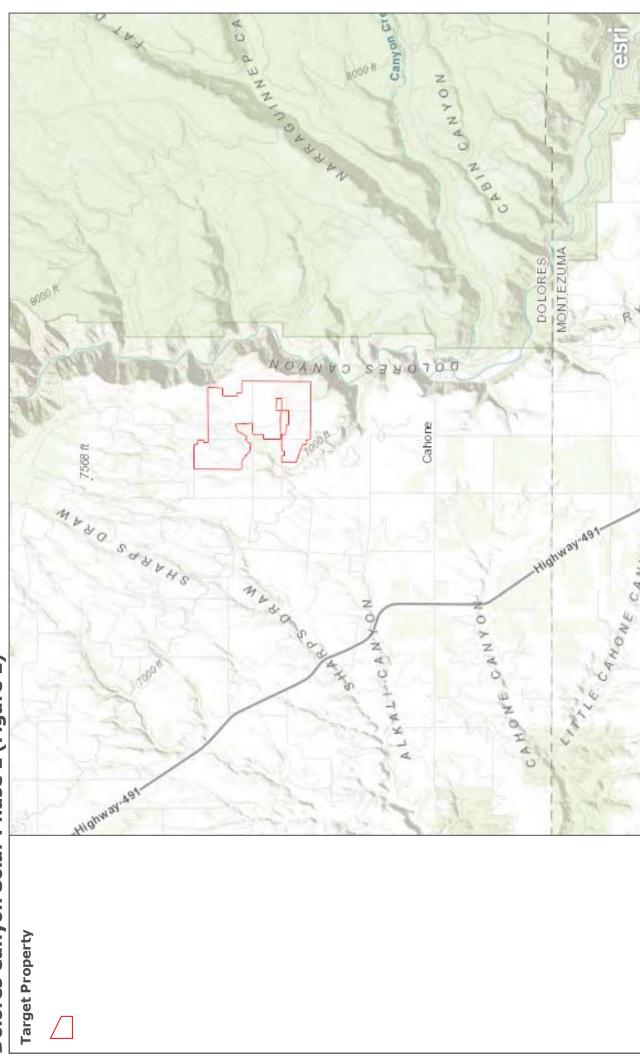
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- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. *Enforcement and Compliance History Online (ECHO).* 2017 Available at: <u>https://echo.epa.gov/facilities/facility-search</u>,
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. (n.d.). *RCRA Info; System Data Searches*. Retrieved from <u>http://www3.epa.gov/enviro/facts/rcrainfo/search.html</u>

10.0 APPENDICES

APPENDIX I

Figures





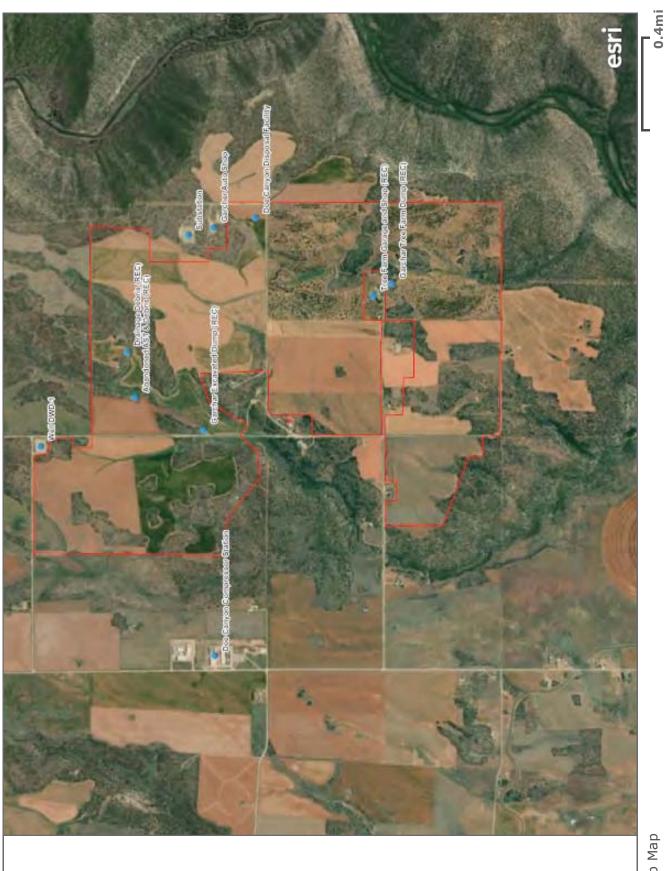
Bureau of Land Management, Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, NGA, EPA, USDA, NPS

Dolores Canyon Solar Web Map

Dolores Canyon Solar Phase 1 (Figure 2)

Findings

Target Property



Dolores Canyon Solar Web Map

USDA FSA | Esri, HERE, Garmin

APPENDIX II

Photographic Log



Description: Tree Farm

Photo No. 02



Description: Tree Farm



Description: Tree Farm Debris



Description: Tree Farm Debris



Description: Tree Farm Debris



Description: General site conditions



Description: Drainage AST and debris



Description: Drainage AST and debris



Description: Drainage AST and debris



Description: Drainage debris



Description: Drainage debris



Description: Drainage debris



Description: Drainage debris



Description: Drainage debris



Description: Drainage debris

Photo No. 16



Description: Drainage debris



Description: Drainage AST and debris

Photo No. 18



Description: Garcher Dump



Description: Substation



Description: Garcher underground structure



Description: Garcher adjacent food processing station



Description: Transformer labeled "no PCB"



Description: Drainage AST and debris

APPENDIX III

Regulatory Records Documentation

Dolores Canyon Solar

17034 County Rd N Cahone, CO 81320

Inquiry Number: 6053930.5s May 04, 2020

EDR Area / Corridor Report



6 Armstrong Road, 4th floor Shelton, CT 06484 Toll Free: 800.352.0050 www.edrnet.com

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Map Findings Summary	3
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Government Records Searched/Data Currency Tracking	GR-1

Thank you for your business. Please contact EDR at 1-800-352-0050 with any questions or comments.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A search of available environmental records was conducted by Environmental Data Resources, Inc (EDR). The report was designed to assist parties seeking to meet the search requirements of EPA's Standards and Practices for All Appropriate Inquiries (40 CFR Part 312), the ASTM Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments (E 1527-13), the ASTM Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments for Forestland or Rural Property (E 2247-16), the ASTM Standard Practice for Limited Environmental Due Diligence: Transaction Screen Process (E 1528-14) or custom requirements developed for the evaluation of environmental risk associated with a parcel of real estate.

SUBJECT PROPERTY INFORMATION

ADDRESS

17034 COUNTY RD N CAHONE, CO 81320

TARGET PROPERTY SEARCH RESULTS

The Target Property was identified in the following databases.

Page Numbers and Map Identifications refer to the EDR Area/Corridor Report where detailed data on individual sites can be reviewed.

Sites listed in **bold italics** are in multiple databases.

SURROUNDING SITES: SEARCH RESULTS

Surrounding sites were not identified.

Unmappable (orphan) sites are not considered in the foregoing analysis.

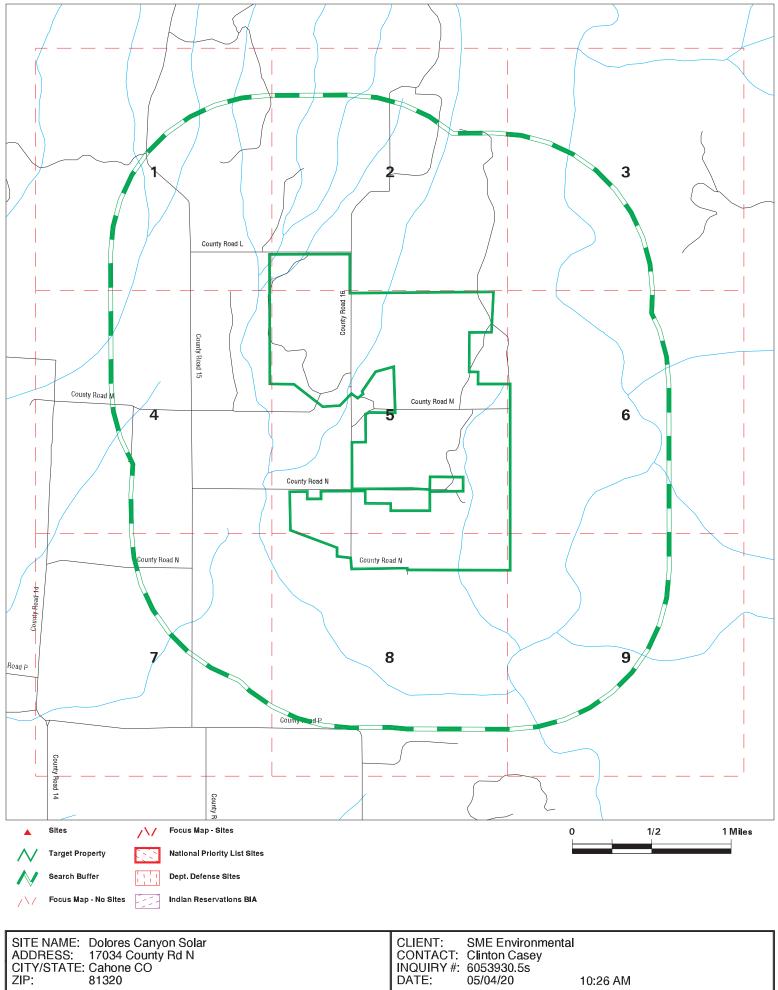
MAP ID / FOCUS MAP SITE NAME

ADDRESS

DATABASE ACRONYMS

DIST (ft. & mi.) DIRECTION

Key Map - 6053930.5s



Database	Search Distance (Miles)	Target Property	< 1/8	1/8 - 1/4	1/4 - 1/2	1/2 - 1	> 1	Total Plotted
STANDARD ENVIRONME	NTAL RECORD	s						
Federal NPL site list								
NPL Proposed NPL NPL LIENS	1.000 1.000 1.000		0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	NR NR NR	0 0 0
Federal Delisted NPL sit	te list							
Delisted NPL	1.000		0	0	0	0	NR	0
Federal CERCLIS list								
FEDERAL FACILITY SEMS	0.500 0.500		0 0	0 0	0 0	NR NR	NR NR	0 0
Federal CERCLIS NFRA	P site list							
SEMS-ARCHIVE	0.500		0	0	0	NR	NR	0
Federal RCRA CORRAC	TS facilities I	ist						
CORRACTS	1.000		0	0	0	0	NR	0
Federal RCRA non-COR	RACTS TSD	facilities list						
RCRA-TSDF	0.500		0	0	0	NR	NR	0
Federal RCRA generato	rs list							
RCRA-LQG RCRA-SQG RCRA-VSQG	0.250 0.250 0.250		0 0 0	0 0 0	NR NR NR	NR NR NR	NR NR NR	0 0 0
Federal institutional controls / engineering controls registries								
LUCIS	0.500		0	0	0	NR	NR	0
US ENG CONTROLS US INST CONTROLS	0.500 0.500		0 0	0 0	0 0	NR NR	NR NR	0 0
Federal ERNS list								
ERNS	TP		NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	0
State- and tribal - equivalent CERCLIS								
SHWS	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
State and tribal landfill and/or solid waste disposal site lists								
SWF/LF	0.500		0	0	0	NR	NR	0
State and tribal leaking storage tank lists								
LAST LUST LTANKS INDIAN LUST	0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500		0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	NR NR NR NR	NR NR NR NR	0 0 0 0

Database	Search Distance (Miles)	Target Property	< 1/8	1/8 - 1/4	1/4 - 1/2	1/2 - 1	> 1	Total Plotted		
LUST TRUST	0.500		0	0	0	NR	NR	0		
State and tribal register	ed storage ta	nk lists								
FEMA UST UST AST INDIAN UST	0.250 0.250 0.250 0.250		0 0 0	0 0 0 0	NR NR NR NR	NR NR NR NR	NR NR NR NR	0 0 0 0		
State and tribal instituti control / engineering co		es								
AUL	0.500		0	0	0	NR	NR	0		
State and tribal volunta	ry cleanup sit	es								
INDIAN VCP VCP	0.500 0.500		0 0	0 0	0 0	NR NR	NR NR	0 0		
State and tribal Brownfi	ields sites									
BROWNFIELDS	0.500		0	0	0	NR	NR	0		
ADDITIONAL ENVIRONM	ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS									
Local Brownfield lists										
US BROWNFIELDS	0.500		0	0	0	NR	NR	0		
Local Lists of Landfill / Waste Disposal Sites	Solid									
SWRCY HIST LF INDIAN ODI ODI DEBRIS REGION 9 IHS OPEN DUMPS DENVER CO HISTORIC	0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 FILLD.500		0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	NR NR NR NR NR NR	NR NR NR NR NR NR	0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
Local Lists of Hazardou Contaminated Sites	is waste /									
US HIST CDL CDL US CDL	TP TP TP		NR NR NR	NR NR NR	NR NR NR	NR NR NR	NR NR NR	0 0 0		
Local Land Records										
LIENS 2	TP		NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	0		
Records of Emergency Release Reports										
HMIRS CO ERNS SPILLS 90	TP TP TP		NR NR NR	NR NR NR	NR NR NR	NR NR NR	NR NR NR	0 0 0		
Other Ascertainable Re	cords									
RCRA NonGen / NLR	0.250		0	0	NR	NR	NR	0		

Database	Search Distance (Miles)	Target Property	< 1/8	1/8 - 1/4	1/4 - 1/2	1/2 - 1	> 1	Total Plotted
FUDS DOD SCRD DRYCLEANERS US FIN ASSUR EPA WATCH LIST 2020 COR ACTION TSCA TRIS SSTS ROD RMP RAATS PRP PADS ICIS FTTS MLTS COAL ASH DOE COAL ASH DOE COAL ASH EPA PCB TRANSFORMER RADINFO HIST FTTS DOT OPS CONSENT INDIAN RESERV FUSRAP UMTRA LEAD SMELTERS US AIRS US MINES ABANDONED MINES FINDS DOCKET HWC UXO ECHO FUELS PROGRAM AIRS ASBESTOS METHANE SITE Methane Investigation DRYCLEANERS Financial Assurance LEAD MINES NPDES UIC UMTRA MINES MRDS	(Miles) 1.000 1.000 0.500 TP TP 0.250 TP TP TP TP TP TP TP TP TP TP	Property	< 1/8 0 0 0 RR 0 RR R 0 RR RR RR 0 RR RR 0 0 0 0 RR 0 0 RR 0	1/8 - 1/4 0 0 0 NR N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	1/4 - 1/2 0 0 0 0 NR NR NR NR NR NR NR NR NR NR NR NR NR	1/2 - 1 0 0 RR NR	> 1 RRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRR	
EDR HIGH RISK HISTORIC	AL RECORDS							
EDR MGP	1.000		0	0	0	0	NR	0

Database	Search Distance (Miles)	Target Property	< 1/8	1/8 - 1/4	1/4 - 1/2	1/2 - 1	> 1	Total Plotted	
EDR Hist Auto EDR Hist Cleaner	0.125 0.125		0 0	NR NR	NR NR	NR NR	NR NR	0 0	
EDR RECOVERED GOVERNMENT ARCHIVES									
Exclusive Recovered Govt. Archives									
RGA LF RGA LUST	TP TP		NR NR	NR NR	NR NR	NR NR	NR NR	0 0	
- Totals		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

NOTES:

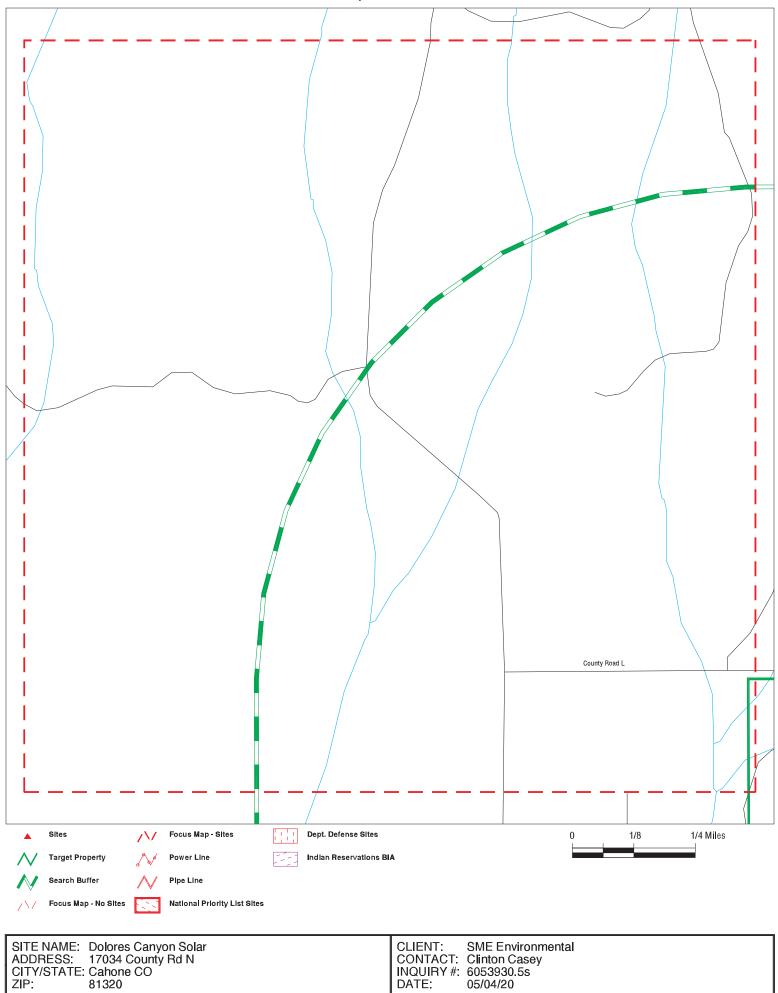
TP = Target Property

NR = Not Requested at this Search Distance

Sites may be listed in more than one database

N/A = This State does not maintain a SHWS list. See the Federal CERCLIS list.

Focus Map - 1 - 6053930.5s



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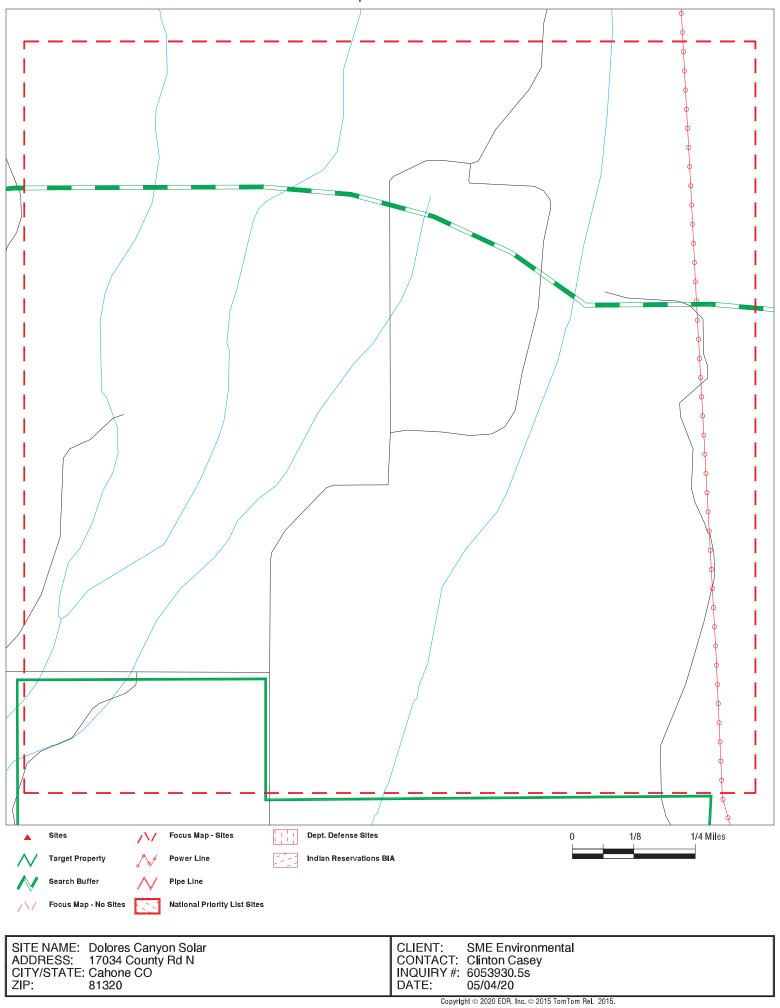
MAP ID / FOCUS MAP SITE NAME

ADDRESS

DATABASE ACRONYMS

DIST (ft. & mi.) DIRECTION

Focus Map - 2 - 6053930.5s



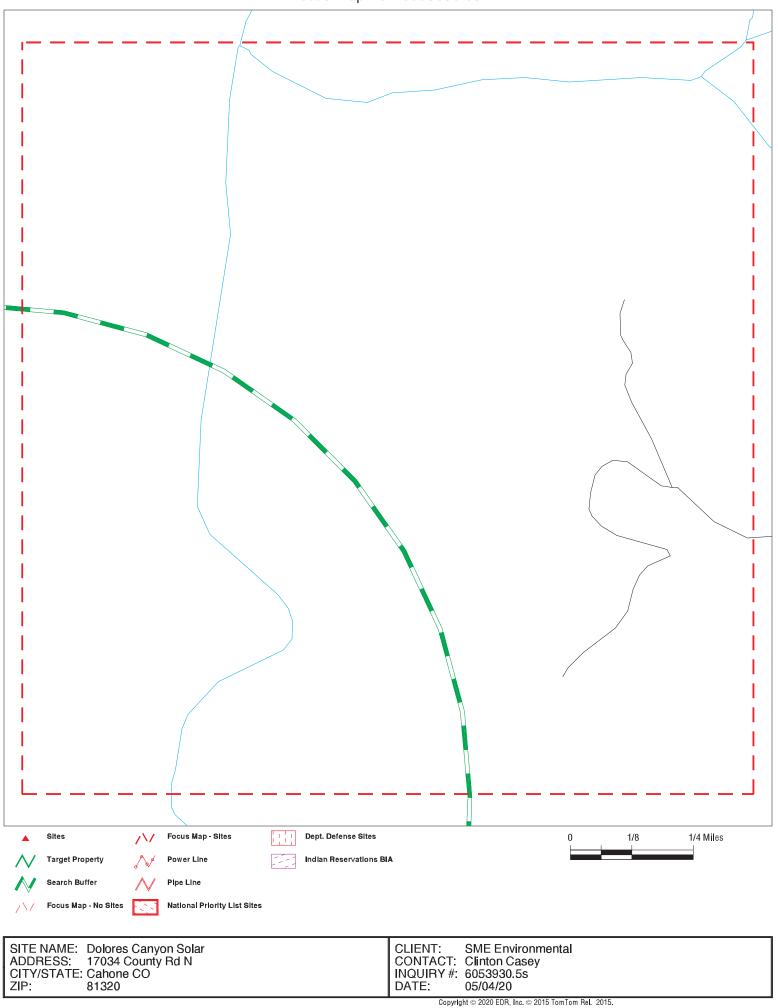
MAP ID / FOCUS MAP SITE NAME

ADDRESS

DATABASE ACRONYMS

DIST (ft. & mi.) DIRECTION

Focus Map - 3 - 6053930.5s



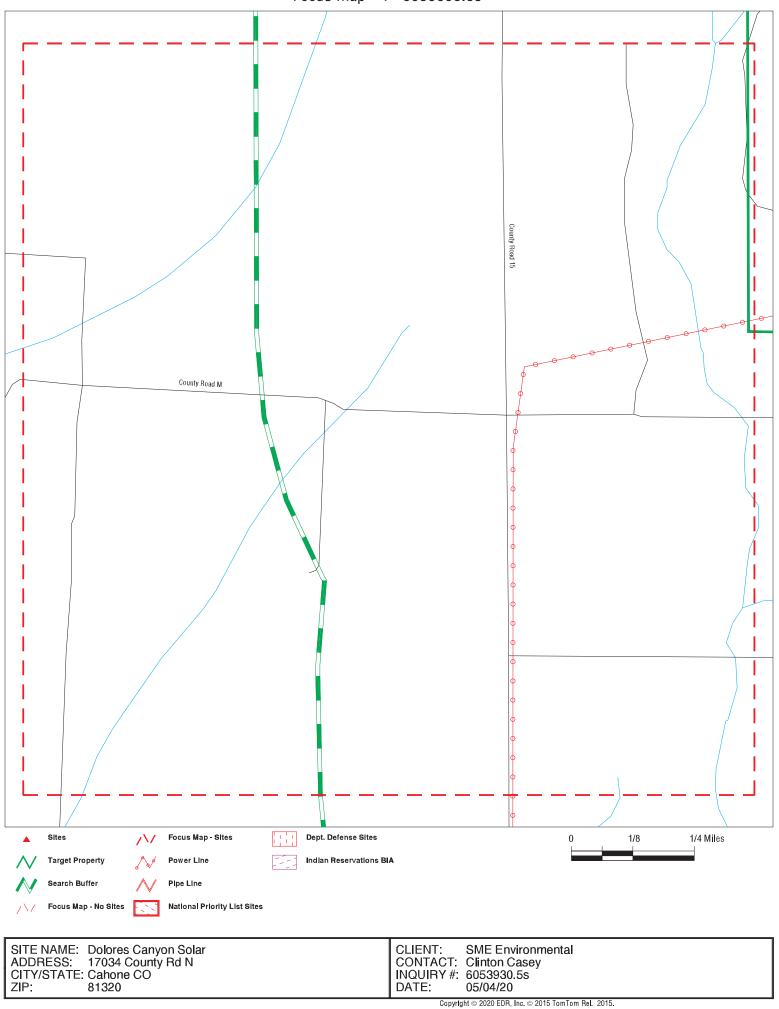
MAP ID / FOCUS MAP SITE NAME

ADDRESS

DATABASE ACRONYMS

DIST (ft. & mi.) DIRECTION

Focus Map - 4 - 6053930.5s



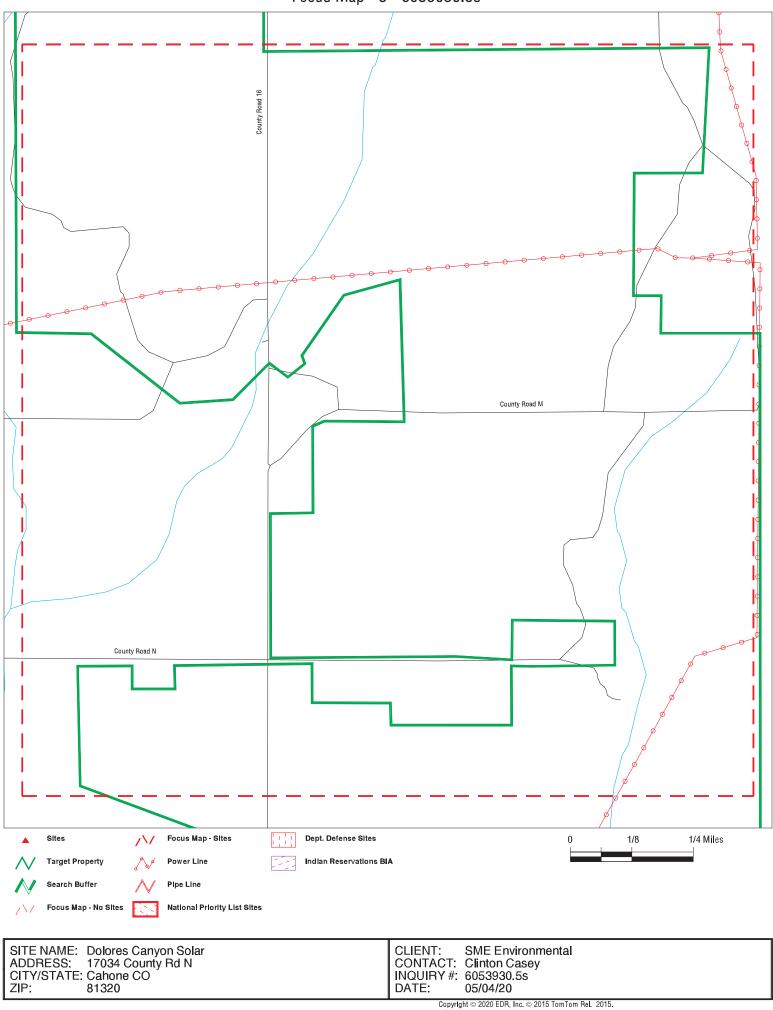
MAP ID / FOCUS MAP SITE NAME

ADDRESS

DATABASE ACRONYMS

DIST (ft. & mi.) DIRECTION

Focus Map - 5 - 6053930.5s



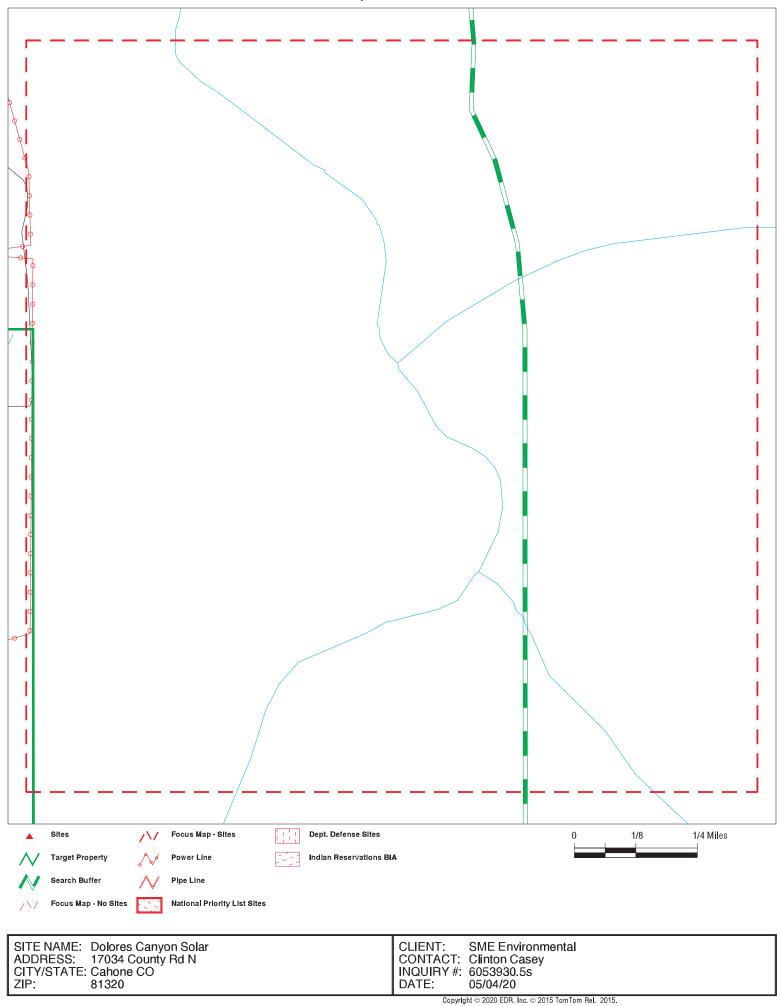
MAP ID / FOCUS MAP SITE NAME

ADDRESS

DATABASE ACRONYMS

DIST (ft. & mi.) DIRECTION

Focus Map - 6 - 6053930.5s



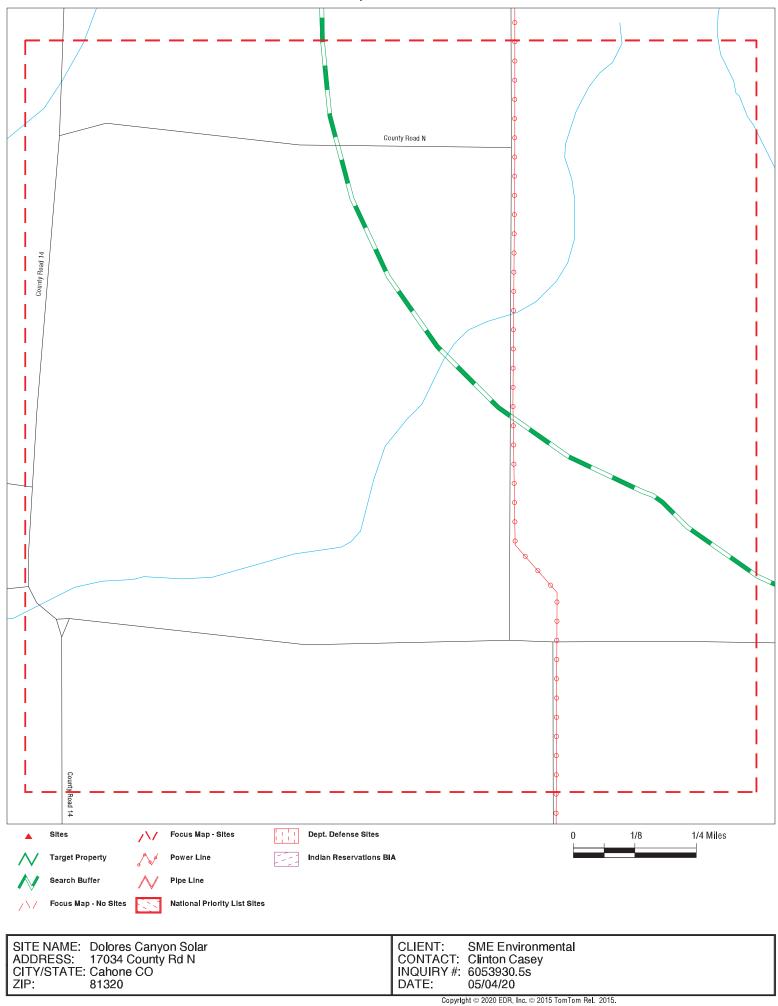
MAP ID / FOCUS MAP SITE NAME

ADDRESS

DATABASE ACRONYMS

DIST (ft. & mi.) DIRECTION

Focus Map - 7 - 6053930.5s



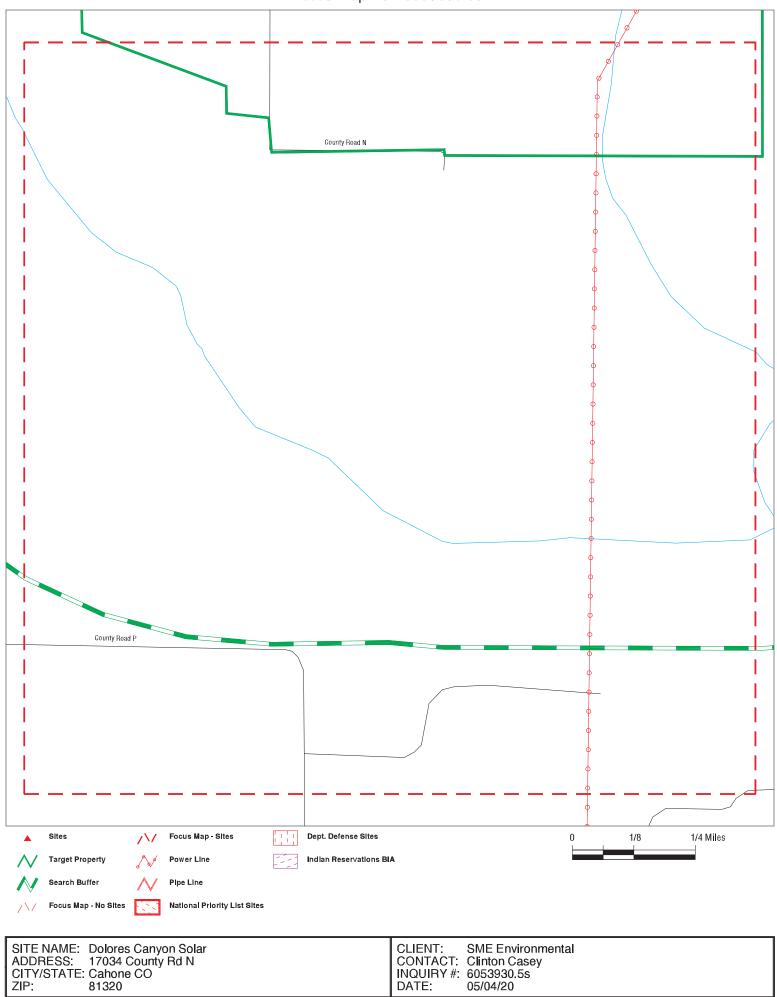
MAP ID / FOCUS MAP SITE NAME

ADDRESS

DATABASE ACRONYMS

DIST (ft. & mi.) DIRECTION

Focus Map - 8 - 6053930.5s



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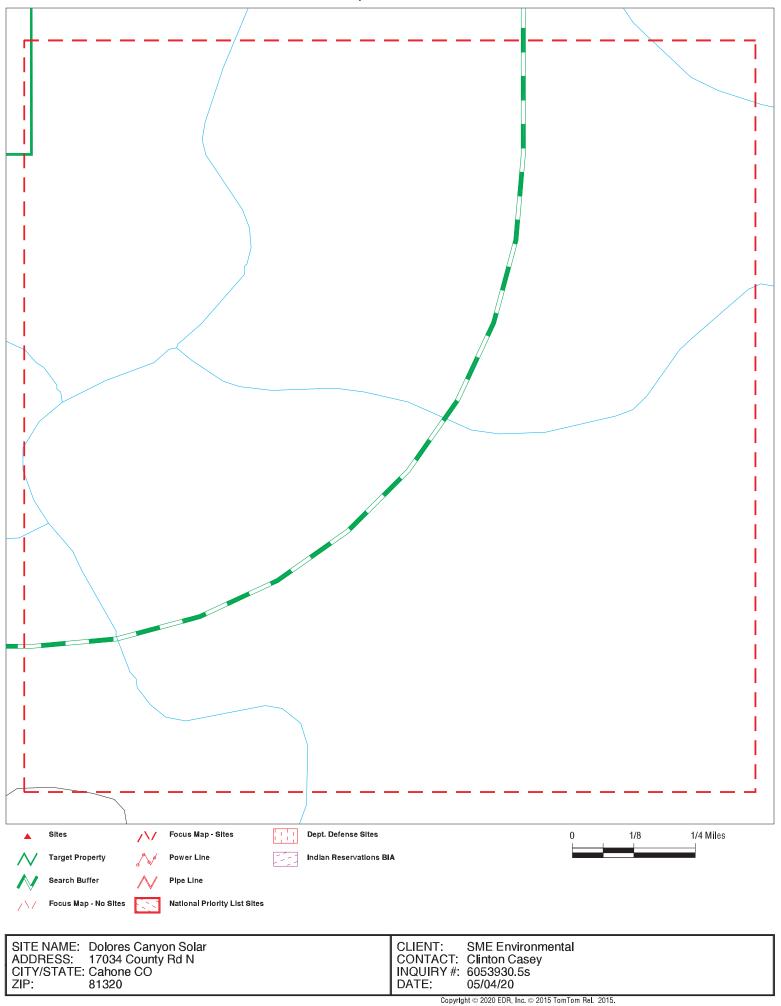
MAP ID / FOCUS MAP SITE NAME

ADDRESS

DATABASE ACRONYMS

DIST (ft. & mi.) DIRECTION

Focus Map - 9 - 6053930.5s



MAP ID / FOCUS MAP SITE NAME

ADDRESS

DATABASE ACRONYMS

DIST (ft. & mi.) DIRECTION

Map ID Direction Distance Elevation Site MAP FINDINGS

Database(s)

EDR ID Number EPA ID Number

NO SITES FOUND

	Database(s)					
	Zip Dat					
	Site Address					
	Site					
UMMARY						
ORPHAN SUMMARY						
		DNNO				
	Site Name	NO SITES FOUND				
	EDR ID					
Count: 0 records						
Count: (City					

TC6053930.5s Page OR-1

To maintain currency of the following federal and state databases, EDR contacts the appropriate governmental agency on a monthly or quarterly basis, as required.

Number of Days to Update: Provides confirmation that EDR is reporting records that have been updated within 90 days from the date the government agency made the information available to the public.

STANDARD ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS

Federal NPL site list

NPL: National Priority List

National Priorities List (Superfund). The NPL is a subset of CERCLIS and identifies over 1,200 sites for priority cleanup under the Superfund Program. NPL sites may encompass relatively large areas. As such, EDR provides polygon coverage for over 1,000 NPL site boundaries produced by EPA's Environmental Photographic Interpretation Center (EPIC) and regional EPA offices.

Date of Government Version: 01/30/2020 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/05/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020 Number of Days to Update: 9 Source: EPA Telephone: N/A Last EDR Contact: 03/25/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/13/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

NPL Site Boundaries

Sources:

EPA's Environmental Photographic Interpretation Center (EPIC) Telephone: 202-564-7333

EPA Region 1 Telephone 617-918-1143

EPA Region 3 Telephone 215-814-5418

EPA Region 4 Telephone 404-562-8033

EPA Region 5 Telephone 312-886-6686

EPA Region 10 Telephone 206-553-8665 EPA Region 6 Telephone: 214-655-6659

EPA Region 7 Telephone: 913-551-7247

EPA Region 8 Telephone: 303-312-6774

EPA Region 9 Telephone: 415-947-4246

Proposed NPL: Proposed National Priority List Sites

A site that has been proposed for listing on the National Priorities List through the issuance of a proposed rule in the Federal Register. EPA then accepts public comments on the site, responds to the comments, and places on the NPL those sites that continue to meet the requirements for listing.

Date of Government Version: 01/30/2020 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/05/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020 Number of Days to Update: 9 Source: EPA Telephone: N/A Last EDR Contact: 04/02/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/13/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

NPL LIENS: Federal Superfund Liens

Federal Superfund Liens. Under the authority granted the USEPA by CERCLA of 1980, the USEPA has the authority to file liens against real property in order to recover remedial action expenditures or when the property owner received notification of potential liability. USEPA compiles a listing of filed notices of Superfund Liens.

Date of Government Version: 10/15/1991 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/02/1994 Date Made Active in Reports: 03/30/1994 Number of Days to Update: 56 Source: EPA Telephone: 202-564-4267 Last EDR Contact: 08/15/2011 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 11/28/2011 Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned

Federal Delisted NPL site list

Delisted NPL: National Priority List Deletions

The National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP) establishes the criteria that the EPA uses to delete sites from the NPL. In accordance with 40 CFR 300.425.(e), sites may be deleted from the NPL where no further response is appropriate.

Date of Government Version: 01/30/2020 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/05/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020 Number of Days to Update: 9 Source: EPA Telephone: N/A Last EDR Contact: 04/02/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/13/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

Federal CERCLIS list

FEDERAL FACILITY: Federal Facility Site Information listing

A listing of National Priority List (NPL) and Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) sites found in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Information System (CERCLIS) Database where EPA Federal Facilities Restoration and Reuse Office is involved in cleanup activities.

Date of Government Version: 04/03/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 04/05/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 05/14/2019 Number of Days to Update: 39 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 703-603-8704 Last EDR Contact: 04/03/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/13/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies

SEMS: Superfund Enterprise Management System

SEMS (Superfund Enterprise Management System) tracks hazardous waste sites, potentially hazardous waste sites, and remedial activities performed in support of EPA's Superfund Program across the United States. The list was formerly know as CERCLIS, renamed to SEMS by the EPA in 2015. The list contains data on potentially hazardous waste sites that have been reported to the USEPA by states, municipalities, private companies and private persons, pursuant to Section 103 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA). This dataset also contains sites which are either proposed to or on the National Priorities List (NPL) and the sites which are in the screening and assessment phase for possible inclusion on the NPL.

Date of Government Version: 01/30/2020 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/05/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020 Number of Days to Update: 9 Source: EPA Telephone: 800-424-9346 Last EDR Contact: 04/02/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/27/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

Federal CERCLIS NFRAP site list

SEMS-ARCHIVE: Superfund Enterprise Management System Archive

SEMS-ARCHIVE (Superfund Enterprise Management System Archive) tracks sites that have no further interest under the Federal Superfund Program based on available information. The list was formerly known as the CERCLIS-NFRAP, renamed to SEMS ARCHIVE by the EPA in 2015. EPA may perform a minimal level of assessment work at a site while it is archived if site conditions change and/or new information becomes available. Archived sites have been removed and archived from the inventory of SEMS sites. Archived status indicates that, to the best of EPA's knowledge, assessment at a site has been completed and that EPA has determined no further steps will be taken to list the site on the National Priorities List (NPL), unless information indicates this decision was not appropriate or other considerations require a recommendation for listing at a later time. The decision does not necessarily mean that there is no hazard associated with a given site; it only means that. based upon available information, the location is not judged to be potential NPL site.

Date of Government Version: 01/30/2020 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/05/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020 Number of Days to Update: 9 Source: EPA Telephone: 800-424-9346 Last EDR Contact: 04/02/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/27/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

Federal RCRA CORRACTS facilities list

CORRACTS: Corrective Action Report

CORRACTS identifies hazardous waste handlers with RCRA corrective action activity.

Date of Government Version: 12/16/2019	Source: EPA
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/16/2019	Telephone: 800-424-9346
Date Made Active in Reports: 12/20/2019	Last EDR Contact: 03/25/2020
Number of Days to Update: 4	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/06/2020
	Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

Federal RCRA non-CORRACTS TSD facilities list

RCRA-TSDF: RCRA - Treatment, Storage and Disposal

RCRAInfo is EPA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. The database includes selective information on sites which generate, transport, store, treat and/or dispose of hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). Transporters are individuals or entities that move hazardous waste from the generator offsite to a facility that can recycle, treat, store, or dispose of the waste. TSDFs treat, store, or dispose of the waste.

Date of Government Version: 12/16/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/16/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 12/20/2019 Number of Days to Update: 4 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 303-312-6149 Last EDR Contact: 03/25/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/06/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

Federal RCRA generators list

RCRA-LQG: RCRA - Large Quantity Generators

RCRAInfo is EPA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. The database includes selective information on sites which generate, transport, store, treat and/or dispose of hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). Large quantity generators (LQGs) generate over 1,000 kilograms (kg) of hazardous waste, or over 1 kg of acutely hazardous waste per month.

Date of Government Version: 12/16/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/16/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 12/20/2019 Number of Days to Update: 4 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 303-312-6149 Last EDR Contact: 03/25/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/06/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

RCRA-SQG: RCRA - Small Quantity Generators

RCRAInfo is EPA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. The database includes selective information on sites which generate, transport, store, treat and/or dispose of hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). Small quantity generators (SQGs) generate between 100 kg and 1,000 kg of hazardous waste per month.

Date of Government Version: 12/16/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/16/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 12/20/2019 Number of Days to Update: 4 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 303-312-6149 Last EDR Contact: 03/25/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/06/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

RCRA-VSQG: RCRA - Very Small Quantity Generators (Formerly Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Generators) RCRAInfo is EPA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. The database includes selective information on sites which generate, transport, store, treat and/or dispose of hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). Very small quantity generators (VSQGs) generate less than 100 kg of hazardous waste, or less than 1 kg of acutely hazardous waste per month.

Date of Government Version: 12/16/2019SoDate Data Arrived at EDR: 12/16/2019TeDate Made Active in Reports: 12/20/2019LaNumber of Days to Update: 4No

Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 303-312-6149 Last EDR Contact: 03/25/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/06/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

Federal institutional controls / engineering controls registries

LUCIS: Land Use Control Information System

LUCIS contains records of land use control information pertaining to the former Navy Base Realignment and Closure properties.

Date of Government Version: 11/04/2019Source: Department of the NavyDate Data Arrived at EDR: 11/13/2019Telephone: 843-820-7326Date Made Active in Reports: 01/28/2020Last EDR Contact: 02/10/2020Number of Days to Update: 76Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/25/2020Data Release Frequency: Varies

US ENG CONTROLS: Engineering Controls Sites List

A listing of sites with engineering controls in place. Engineering controls include various forms of caps, building foundations, liners, and treatment methods to create pathway elimination for regulated substances to enter environmental media or effect human health.

Date of Government Version: 11/22/2019	Source: Environmental Protection Agency
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 11/22/2019	Telephone: 703-603-0695
Date Made Active in Reports: 01/28/2020	Last EDR Contact: 02/20/2020
Number of Days to Update: 67	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/08/2020
	Data Release Frequency: Varies

US INST CONTROLS: Institutional Controls Sites List

A listing of sites with institutional controls in place. Institutional controls include administrative measures, such as groundwater use restrictions, construction restrictions, property use restrictions, and post remediation care requirements intended to prevent exposure to contaminants remaining on site. Deed restrictions are generally required as part of the institutional controls.

Date of Government Version: 11/22/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 11/22/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 01/28/2020 Number of Days to Update: 67 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 703-603-0695 Last EDR Contact: 02/20/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/08/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies

Federal ERNS list

ERNS: Emergency Response Notification System

Emergency Response Notification System. ERNS records and stores information on reported releases of oil and hazardous substances.

Date of Government Version: 12/16/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/19/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 03/06/2020 Number of Days to Update: 78

Source: National Response Center, United States Coast Guard Telephone: 202-267-2180 Last EDR Contact: 03/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/06/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

State- and tribal - equivalent CERCLIS

SHWS: This state does not maintain a SHWS list. See the Federal CERCLIS list and Federal NPL list. State Hazardous Waste Sites. State hazardous waste site records are the states' equivalent to CERCLIS. These sites may or may not already be listed on the federal CERCLIS list. Priority sites planned for cleanup using state funds (state equivalent of Superfund) are identified along with sites where cleanup will be paid for by potentially responsible parties. Available information varies by state.

Date of Government Version: N/A Date Data Arrived at EDR: N/A Date Made Active in Reports: N/A Number of Days to Update: N/A

Source: Department of Public Health & Environment Telephone: 303-692-3300 Last EDR Contact: 04/29/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/24/2020 Data Release Frequency: N/A

State and tribal landfill and/or solid waste disposal site lists

SWF/LF: Solid Waste Sites & Facilities

Solid Waste Facilities/Landfill Sites. SWF/LF type records typically contain an inventory of solid waste disposal facilities or landfills in a particular state. Depending on the state, these may be active or inactive facilities or open dumps that failed to meet RCRA Subtitle D Section 4004 criteria for solid waste landfills or disposal sites.

Date of Government Version: 01/14/2020 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/06/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 04/10/2020 Number of Days to Update: 64

Source: Department of Public Health & Environment Telephone: 303-692-3300 Last EDR Contact: 02/06/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/18/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies

State and tribal leaking storage tank lists

LAST: Leaking Aboveground Storage Tank Listing

A listing of leaking aboveground storage tank sites. This list is no longer maintained. For current Leaking AST information, please see LTANKS.

Date of Government Version: 03/01/2018	Source: Department of Labor & Employment
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/07/2018	Telephone: 303-318-8525
Date Made Active in Reports: 04/03/2018	Last EDR Contact: 05/31/2018
Number of Days to Update: 27	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/10/2018
	Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned

LTANKS: Petroleum Release Events Listing

Active and Closed OPS Petroleum Release Events in Colorado. Includes the OPS Open Event locations, but also shows locations of closed events (releases that have been issued a No Further Action determination).

Date of Government Version: 12/02/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/04/2019 Telephone: 303-318-8525 Date Made Active in Reports: 12/24/2019 Number of Days to Update: 20

Source: Department of Labor & Employment Last EDR Contact: 03/03/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/15/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

LUST: Leaking Underground Storage Tank List

Leaking Underground Storage Tank Incident Reports. LUST records contain an inventory of reported leaking underground storage tank incidents. Not all states maintain these records, and the information stored varies by state.

storage tank incidents. Not all states maintain	storage tank incidents. Not all states maintain these records, and the information stored varies by state.		
Date of Government Version: 03/01/2018 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/07/2018 Date Made Active in Reports: 04/03/2018 Number of Days to Update: 27	Source: Department of Labor and Employment, Oil Inspection Section Telephone: 303-318-8521 Last EDR Contact: 03/07/2018 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/18/2018 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly		
INDIAN LUST R4: Leaking Underground Storage T LUSTs on Indian land in Florida, Mississippi a			
Date of Government Version: 10/10/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/05/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/10/2020 Number of Days to Update: 67	Source: EPA Region 4 Telephone: 404-562-8677 Last EDR Contact: 04/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies		
INDIAN LUST R10: Leaking Underground Storage LUSTs on Indian land in Alaska, Idaho, Orego			
Date of Government Version: 10/11/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/04/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/10/2020 Number of Days to Update: 68	Source: EPA Region 10 Telephone: 206-553-2857 Last EDR Contact: 04/23/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/02/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies		
INDIAN LUST R8: Leaking Underground Storage T LUSTs on Indian land in Colorado, Montana, I	⁻ anks on Indian Land North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah and Wyoming.		
Date of Government Version: 10/03/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/04/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020 Number of Days to Update: 72	Source: EPA Region 8 Telephone: 303-312-6271 Last EDR Contact: 04/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies		
INDIAN LUST R6: Leaking Underground Storage T LUSTs on Indian land in New Mexico and Okl			
Date of Government Version: 10/02/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/04/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/10/2020 Number of Days to Update: 68	Source: EPA Region 6 Telephone: 214-665-6597 Last EDR Contact: 04/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies		
INDIAN LUST R9: Leaking Underground Storage T LUSTs on Indian land in Arizona, California, N			
Date of Government Version: 10/04/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/04/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/27/2020 Number of Days to Update: 85	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 415-972-3372 Last EDR Contact: 04/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies		
INDIAN LUST R1: Leaking Underground Storage T A listing of leaking underground storage tank I			
Date of Government Version: 10/01/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/04/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/10/2020 Number of Days to Update: 68	Source: EPA Region 1 Telephone: 617-918-1313 Last EDR Contact: 04/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Balagage Erroguegagy: Variage		

Data Release Frequency: Varies

INDIAN LUST R5: Leaking Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land	
Leaking underground storage tanks located on Indian Land in Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin.	

Date of Government Version: 10/01/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/04/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/10/2020 Number of Days to Update: 68 Source: EPA, Region 5 Telephone: 312-886-7439 Last EDR Contact: 04/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies

INDIAN LUST R7: Leaking Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land LUSTs on Indian land in Iowa, Kansas, and Nebraska

Date of Government Version: 10/15/2019	Source: EPA Region 7
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/17/2019	Telephone: 913-551-7
Date Made Active in Reports: 02/10/2020	Last EDR Contact: 04/2
Number of Days to Update: 55	Next Scheduled EDR (
	Data Release Frequen

Source: EPA Region 7 Telephone: 913-551-7003 Last EDR Contact: 04/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies

TRUST: Lust Trust Sites

Reimbursement application package. The 1989 Colorado General Assembly established Colorado's Petroleum Storage Tank Fund. The Fund reimburses eligible applicants for allowable costs incurred in cleaning up petroleum contamination from underground and aboveground petroleum storage tanks, as well as for third-party liability expenses. Remediation of contamination caused by railroad or aircraft fuel is not eligible for reimbursement. The Fund satisfies federal Environmental Protection Agency financial assurance requirements. Monies in the Fund come from various sources, predominantly the state environmental surcharge imposed on all petroleum products except railroad or aircraft fuel.

Date of Government Version: 12/20/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/20/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020 Number of Days to Update: 56 Source: Department of Labor and Employment, Oil Inspection Section Telephone: 303-318-8521 Last EDR Contact: 03/18/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/06/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies

State and tribal registered storage tank lists

FEMA UST: Underground Storage Tank Listing A listing of all FEMA owned underground storage tanks.

Date of Government Version: 08/27/2019	Source: FEMA
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 08/28/2019	Telephone: 202-646-5797
Date Made Active in Reports: 11/11/2019	Last EDR Contact: 03/19/2020
Number of Days to Update: 75	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/20/2020
	Data Release Frequency: Varies

UST: Underground Storage Tank Database

Registered Underground Storage Tanks. UST's are regulated under Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and must be registered with the state department responsible for administering the UST program. Available information varies by state program.

Date of Government Version: 12/02/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/12/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 12/26/2019 Number of Days to Update: 14 Source: Department of Labor and Employment, Oil Inspection Section Telephone: 303-318-8521 Last EDR Contact: 03/03/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/15/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

AST: Aboveground Tank List

Aboveground storage tank locations.

Date of Government Version: 12/02/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/12/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 12/26/2019 Number of Days to Update: 14 Source: Department of Labor and Employment, Oil Inspection Section Telephone: 303-318-8521 Last EDR Contact: 03/03/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/15/2020 Data Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

ndian Land database provides information about underground storage tanks on Indian nd Wisconsin and Tribal Nations).
Source: EPA Region 5 Telephone: 312-886-6136 Last EDR Contact: 04/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies
ndian Land database provides information about underground storage tanks on Indian waii, Nevada, the Pacific Islands, and Tribal Nations).
Source: EPA Region 9 Telephone: 415-972-3368 Last EDR Contact: 04/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies
Indian Land database provides information about underground storage tanks on Indian n, Washington, and Tribal Nations).
Source: EPA Region 10 Telephone: 206-553-2857 Last EDR Contact: 04/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies
ndian Land database provides information about underground storage tanks on Indian assachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont and ten Tribal
Source: EPA, Region 1 Telephone: 617-918-1313 Last EDR Contact: 04/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies
ndian Land database provides information about underground storage tanks on Indian)klahoma, New Mexico, Texas and 65 Tribes).
Source: EPA Region 6 Telephone: 214-665-7591 Last EDR Contact: 04/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies

The Indian Underground Storage Tank (UST) database provides information about underground storage tanks on Indian land in EPA Region 7 (Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, and 9 Tribal Nations).

Date of Government Version: 10/11/2019 So	ource: EPA Region 7
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/04/2019 Te	elephone: 913-551-7003
Date Made Active in Reports: 02/10/2020 Lat	st EDR Contact: 04/24/2020
, ,	ext Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 ata Release Frequency: Varies

INDIAN UST R4: Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land

The Indian Underground Storage Tank (UST) database provides information about underground storage tanks on Indian land in EPA Region 4 (Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and Tribal Nations)

Date of Government Version: 10/10/2019Source: EPA Region 4Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/05/2019Telephone: 404-562-9424Date Made Active in Reports: 02/10/2020Last EDR Contact: 04/24/2020Number of Days to Update: 67Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020Data Release Frequency: Varies

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INDIAN UST R8: Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land The Indian Underground Storage Tank (UST) database provides information about underground storage tanks on Indian Iand in EPA Region 8 (Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming and 27 Tribal Nations).

Date of Government Version: 10/03/2019Source: EPA Region 8Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/04/2019Telephone: 303-312-6137Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020Last EDR Contact: 04/24/2020Number of Days to Update: 72Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020Data Release Frequency: Varies

State and tribal institutional control / engineering control registries

AUL: Environmental Real Covenants List

Senate Bill 01-145 gave authority to the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment to approve requests to restrict the future use of a property using an enforceable agreement called an environmental covenant. When a contaminated site is not cleaned up completely, land use restrictions may be used to ensure that the selected cleanup remedy is adequately protective of human health and the environment.

Date of Government Version: 01/24/2020 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 01/29/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 04/10/2020 Number of Days to Update: 72

Source: Department of Public Health & Environment Telephone: 303-692-3331 Last EDR Contact: 04/16/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/10/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies

State and tribal voluntary cleanup sites

INDIAN VCP R7: Voluntary Cleanup Priority Lisitng A listing of voluntary cleanup priority sites located on Indian Land located in Region 7.

Date of Government Version: 03/20/2008 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 04/22/2008 Date Made Active in Reports: 05/19/2008 Number of Days to Update: 27 Source: EPA, Region 7 Telephone: 913-551-7365 Last EDR Contact: 04/20/2009 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/20/2009 Data Release Frequency: Varies

INDIAN VCP R1: Voluntary Cleanup Priority Listing

A listing of voluntary cleanup priority sites located on Indian Land located in Region 1.

Date of Government Version: 07/27/2015	Source: EPA, Region 1
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 09/29/2015	Telephone: 617-918-1102
Date Made Active in Reports: 02/18/2016	Last EDR Contact: 03/18/2020
Number of Days to Update: 142	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/06/2020
	Data Release Frequency: Varies

VCP: Voluntary Cleanup & Redevelopment Act Application Tracking Report

The Voluntary Cleanup and Redevelopment Act is intended to permit and encourage voluntary cleanups by providing a method to determine clean-up responsibilities in planning the reuse of property. The VCRA was intended for sites which were not covered by existing regulatory programs.

Date of Government Version: 12/04/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 01/07/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 03/16/2020 Number of Days to Update: 69 Source: Department of Public Health and Environmental Telephone: 303-692-3331 Last EDR Contact: 04/10/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/20/2020 Data Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

State and tribal Brownfields sites

BROWNFIELDS: Brownfields Sites Listing Brownfields Sites Listing

> Date of Government Version: 01/21/2020 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 01/22/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 03/27/2020 Number of Days to Update: 65

Source: Department of Public Health & Environment Telephone: 303-692-3331 Last EDR Contact: 04/09/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies

ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS

Local Brownfield lists

US BROWNFIELDS: A Listing of Brownfields Sites

Brownfields are real property, the expansion, redevelopment, or reuse of which may be complicated by the presence or potential presence of a hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant. Cleaning up and reinvesting in these properties takes development pressures off of undeveloped, open land, and both improves and protects the environment. Assessment, Cleanup and Redevelopment Exchange System (ACRES) stores information reported by EPA Brownfields grant recipients on brownfields properties assessed or cleaned up with grant funding as well as information on Targeted Brownfields Assessments performed by EPA Regions. A listing of ACRES Brownfield sites is obtained from Cleanups in My Community. Cleanups in My Community provides information on Brownfields properties for which information is reported back to EPA, as well as areas served by Brownfields grant programs.

Date of Government Version: 12/02/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/16/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 03/06/2020 Number of Days to Update: 81 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 202-566-2777 Last EDR Contact: 03/17/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/29/2020 Data Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

Local Lists of Landfill / Solid Waste Disposal Sites

HISTORICAL LANDFILL: Historical Landfill List Abandoned/Inactive Landfills.

> Date of Government Version: 01/31/1993 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 04/24/1994 Date Made Active in Reports: 05/30/1994 Number of Days to Update: 36

Source: Department of Public Health & Environment Telephone: 303-692-3300 Last EDR Contact: 09/05/1996 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: N/A Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned

SWRCY: Registered Recyclers Listing

A listing of registered recycler locations in the state of Colorado.

Date of Government Version: 09/03/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 09/09/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 09/27/2019 Number of Days to Update: 18

Source: Department of Public Health & Environment Telephone: 303-692-3337 Last EDR Contact: 03/05/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/22/2020 Data Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

INDIAN ODI: Report on the Status of Open Dumps on Indian Lands Location of open dumps on Indian land.

Date of Government Version: 12/31/1998 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/03/2007 Date Made Active in Reports: 01/24/2008 Number of Days to Update: 52	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 703-308-8245 Last EDR Contact: 04/16/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/10/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies
DEBRIS REGION 9: Torres Martinez Reservation A listing of illegal dump sites location on the T County and northern Imperial County, Californ	orres Martinez Indian Reservation located in eastern Riverside
Date of Government Version: 01/12/2009 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 05/07/2009 Date Made Active in Reports: 09/21/2009 Number of Days to Update: 137	Source: EPA, Region 9 Telephone: 415-947-4219 Last EDR Contact: 04/09/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned
ODI: Open Dump Inventory An open dump is defined as a disposal facility Subtitle D Criteria.	r that does not comply with one or more of the Part 257 or Part 258
Date of Government Version: 06/30/1985 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 08/09/2004 Date Made Active in Reports: 09/17/2004 Number of Days to Update: 39	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 800-424-9346 Last EDR Contact: 06/09/2004 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: N/A Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned
IHS OPEN DUMPS: Open Dumps on Indian Land A listing of all open dumps located on Indian I	Land in the United States.
Date of Government Version: 04/01/2014 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 08/06/2014 Date Made Active in Reports: 01/29/2015 Number of Days to Update: 176	Source: Department of Health & Human Serivces, Indian Health Service Telephone: 301-443-1452 Last EDR Contact: 05/01/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/10/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies
	ns of historical fill areas within the City and County of Denver (CCoD) of a mile of the CCoD boundaries. The data is of a general nature
Date of Government Version: 12/17/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 01/07/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 03/13/2020 Number of Days to Update: 66	Source: City & County of Denver Telephone: 720-913-5237 Last EDR Contact: 04/10/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/20/2020 Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned

Local Lists of Hazardous waste / Contaminated Sites

US HIST CDL: National Clandestine Laboratory Register

A listing of clandestine drug lab locations that have been removed from the DEAs National Clandestine Laboratory Register.

Date of Government Version: 06/11/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 06/13/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 09/03/2019 Number of Days to Update: 82 Source: Drug Enforcement Administration Telephone: 202-307-1000 Last EDR Contact: 02/21/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/08/2020 Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned

CDL: Meth Lab Locations

Meth lab locations that were reported to the Department of Public Health & Environment.

Date of Government Version: 12/20/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/23/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020 Number of Days to Update: 53 Source: Department of Public Health and Environment Telephone: 303-692-3023 Last EDR Contact: 04/09/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/13/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

US CDL: Clandestine Drug Labs

A listing of clandestine drug lab locations. The U.S. Department of Justice ("the Department") provides this web site as a public service. It contains addresses of some locations where law enforcement agencies reported they found chemicals or other items that indicated the presence of either clandestine drug laboratories or dumpsites. In most cases, the source of the entries is not the Department, and the Department has not verified the entry and does not guarantee its accuracy. Members of the public must verify the accuracy of all entries by, for example, contacting local law enforcement and local health departments.

Date of Government Version: 06/11/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 06/13/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 09/03/2019 Number of Days to Update: 82 Source: Drug Enforcement Administration Telephone: 202-307-1000 Last EDR Contact: 02/21/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/08/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

Local Land Records

LIENS 2: CERCLA Lien Information

A Federal CERCLA ('Superfund') lien can exist by operation of law at any site or property at which EPA has spent Superfund monies. These monies are spent to investigate and address releases and threatened releases of contamination. CERCLIS provides information as to the identity of these sites and properties.

Date of Government Version: 01/30/2020 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/05/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020 Number of Days to Update: 9 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 202-564-6023 Last EDR Contact: 04/02/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/13/2020 Data Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

Records of Emergency Release Reports

Number of Days to Update: 53

HMIRS: Hazardous Materials Information Reporting System Hazardous Materials Incident Report System. HMIRS contains hazardous material spill incidents reported to DOT.

Date of Government Version: 12/05/2019	Source: U.S. Department of Transportation
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/06/2019	Telephone: 202-366-4555
Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020	Last EDR Contact: 03/24/2020
Number of Days to Update: 70	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/06/2020
	Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

SPILLS 2: Spills

СО

A listing of spills reported to the Oil & Gas Conservation Commission

Date of Government Version: 12/18/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/19/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020 Number of Days to Update: 57	Source: Oil & Gas Conservation Commission Telephone: 303-894-2100 Last EDR Contact: 03/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/06/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly
ERNS: Spills Database State reported spills.	
Date of Government Version: 12/20/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/23/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020	Source: Department of Public Health and Environmental Telephone: 303-692-2000 Last EDR Contact: 04/09/2020

Last EDR Contact: 04/09/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/13/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

SPILLS 90: SPILLS90 data from FirstSearch

Spills 90 includes those spill and release records available exclusively from FirstSearch databases. Typically, they may include chemical, oil and/or hazardous substance spills recorded after 1990. Duplicate records that are already included in EDR incident and release records are not included in Spills 90.

Date of Government Version: 10/15/2012	Source: FirstSearch
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 01/03/2013	Telephone: N/A
Date Made Active in Reports: 02/06/2013	Last EDR Contact: 01/03/2013
Number of Days to Update: 34	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: N/A
	Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned

Other Ascertainable Records

RCRA NonGen / NLR: RCRA - Non Generators / No Longer Regulated

RCRAInfo is EPA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. The database includes selective information on sites which generate, transport, store, treat and/or dispose of hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). Non-Generators do not presently generate hazardous waste.

Date of Government Version: 12/16/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/16/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 12/20/2019 Number of Days to Update: 4 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 303-312-6149 Last EDR Contact: 03/25/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/06/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

FUDS: Formerly Used Defense Sites

The listing includes locations of Formerly Used Defense Sites properties where the US Army Corps of Engineers is actively working or will take necessary cleanup actions.

Date of Government Version: 11/12/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 11/19/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 01/28/2020 Number of Days to Update: 70 Source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Telephone: 202-528-4285 Last EDR Contact: 02/19/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/01/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies

DOD: Department of Defense Sites

This data set consists of federally owned or administered lands, administered by the Department of Defense, that have any area equal to or greater than 640 acres of the United States, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

Date of Government Version: 12/31/2005
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 11/10/2006
Date Made Active in Reports: 01/11/2007
Number of Days to Update: 62

Source: USGS Telephone: 888-275-8747 Last EDR Contact: 04/10/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/20/2020 Data Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

FEDLAND: Federal and Indian Lands

Federally and Indian administrated lands of the United States. Lands included are administrated by: Army Corps of Engineers, Bureau of Reclamation, National Wild and Scenic River, National Wildlife Refuge, Public Domain Land, Wilderness, Wilderness Study Area, Wildlife Management Area, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Bureau of Land Management, Department of Justice, Forest Service, Fish and Wildlife Service, National Park Service.

Date of Government Version: 04/02/2018
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 04/11/2018
Date Made Active in Reports: 11/06/2019
Number of Days to Update: 574

Source: U.S. Geological Survey Telephone: 888-275-8747 Last EDR Contact: 04/06/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/20/2020 Data Release Frequency: N/A

SCRD DRYCLEANERS: State Coalition for Remediation of Drycleaners Listing

The State Coalition for Remediation of Drycleaners was established in 1998, with support from the U.S. EPA Office of Superfund Remediation and Technology Innovation. It is comprised of representatives of states with established drycleaner remediation programs. Currently the member states are Alabama, Connecticut, Florida, Illinois, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, North Carolina, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Wisconsin.

Date of Government Version: 01/01/2017 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/03/2017 Date Made Active in Reports: 04/07/2017 Number of Days to Update: 63 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 615-532-8599 Last EDR Contact: 02/13/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/25/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies

US FIN ASSUR: Financial Assurance Information

All owners and operators of facilities that treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste are required to provide proof that they will have sufficient funds to pay for the clean up, closure, and post-closure care of their facilities.

Date of Government Version: 12/16/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/19/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/27/2020 Number of Days to Update: 70 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 202-566-1917 Last EDR Contact: 03/24/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/06/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

EPA WATCH LIST: EPA WATCH LIST

EPA maintains a "Watch List" to facilitate dialogue between EPA, state and local environmental agencies on enforcement matters relating to facilities with alleged violations identified as either significant or high priority. Being on the Watch List does not mean that the facility has actually violated the law only that an investigation by EPA or a state or local environmental agency has led those organizations to allege that an unproven violation has in fact occurred. Being on the Watch List does not represent a higher level of concern regarding the alleged violations that were detected, but instead indicates cases requiring additional dialogue between EPA, state and local agencies - primarily because of the length of time the alleged violation has gone unaddressed or unresolved.

Date of Government Version: 08/30/2013 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/21/2014 Date Made Active in Reports: 06/17/2014 Number of Days to Update: 88 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 617-520-3000 Last EDR Contact: 02/03/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/18/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

2020 COR ACTION: 2020 Corrective Action Program List

The EPA has set ambitious goals for the RCRA Corrective Action program by creating the 2020 Corrective Action Universe. This RCRA cleanup baseline includes facilities expected to need corrective action. The 2020 universe contains a wide variety of sites. Some properties are heavily contaminated while others were contaminated but have since been cleaned up. Still others have not been fully investigated yet, and may require little or no remediation. Inclusion in the 2020 Universe does not necessarily imply failure on the part of a facility to meet its RCRA obligations.

Date of Government Version: 09/30/2017 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 05/08/2018 Date Made Active in Reports: 07/20/2018 Number of Days to Update: 73 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 703-308-4044 Last EDR Contact: 02/07/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/18/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

Toxic Substances Control Act. TSCA identifies manufacturers and importers of chemical substances included on the TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory list. It includes data on the production volume of these substances by plant site.

Date of Government Version: 12/31/2016 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 06/21/2017 Date Made Active in Reports: 01/05/2018 Number of Days to Update: 198 Source: EPA Telephone: 202-260-5521 Last EDR Contact: 03/20/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/29/2020 Data Release Frequency: Every 4 Years

TRIS: Toxic Chemical Release Inventory System

Toxic Release Inventory System. TRIS identifies facilities which release toxic chemicals to the air, water and land in reportable quantities under SARA Title III Section 313.

Date of Government Version: 12/31/2018 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/05/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 04/24/2020 Number of Days to Update: 79 Source: EPA Telephone: 202-566-0250 Last EDR Contact: 02/05/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/01/2020 Data Release Frequency: Annually

SSTS: Section 7 Tracking Systems

Section 7 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended (92 Stat. 829) requires all registered pesticide-producing establishments to submit a report to the Environmental Protection Agency by March 1st each year. Each establishment must report the types and amounts of pesticides, active ingredients and devices being produced, and those having been produced and sold or distributed in the past year.

Date of Government Version: 05/01/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 10/23/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 01/15/2020 Number of Days to Update: 84 Source: EPA Telephone: 202-564-4203 Last EDR Contact: 04/21/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Annually

ROD: Records Of Decision

Record of Decision. ROD documents mandate a permanent remedy at an NPL (Superfund) site containing technical and health information to aid in the cleanup.

Date of Government Version: 01/30/2020	Source: EPA
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/05/2020	Telephone: 703-41
Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020	Last EDR Contact:
Number of Days to Update: 9	Next Scheduled ED

Telephone: 703-416-0223 Last EDR Contact: 04/02/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/15/2020 Data Release Frequency: Annually

RMP: Risk Management Plans

When Congress passed the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, it required EPA to publish regulations and guidance for chemical accident prevention at facilities using extremely hazardous substances. The Risk Management Program Rule (RMP Rule) was written to implement Section 112(r) of these amendments. The rule, which built upon existing industry codes and standards, requires companies of all sizes that use certain flammable and toxic substances to develop a Risk Management Program, which includes a(n): Hazard assessment that details the potential effects of an accidental release, an accident history of the last five years, and an evaluation of worst-case and alternative accidental releases; Prevention program that includes safety precautions and maintenance, monitoring, and employee training measures; and Emergency response program that spells out emergency health care, employee training measures and procedures for informing the public and response agencies (e.g the fire department) should an accident occur.

Date of Government Version: 11/05/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 11/20/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 04/17/2020 Number of Days to Update: 149 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 202-564-8600 Last EDR Contact: 04/15/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies

RAATS: RCRA Administrative Action Tracking System

RCRA Administration Action Tracking System. RAATS contains records based on enforcement actions issued under RCRA pertaining to major violators and includes administrative and civil actions brought by the EPA. For administration actions after September 30, 1995, data entry in the RAATS database was discontinued. EPA will retain a copy of the database for historical records. It was necessary to terminate RAATS because a decrease in agency resources made it impossible to continue to update the information contained in the database.

Date of Government Version: 04/17/1995 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 07/03/1995 Date Made Active in Reports: 08/07/1995 Number of Days to Update: 35 Source: EPA Telephone: 202-564-4104 Last EDR Contact: 06/02/2008 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/01/2008 Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned

PRP: Potentially Responsible Parties A listing of verified Potentially Responsible Parties		
Date of Government Version: 01/30/2020 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/06/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020 Number of Days to Update: 8	Source: EPA Telephone: 202-564-6023 Last EDR Contact: 04/02/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/18/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly	
PADS: PCB Activity Database System PCB Activity Database. PADS Identifies gener of PCB's who are required to notify the EPA o	rators, transporters, commercial storers and/or brokers and disposers f such activities.	
Date of Government Version: 10/09/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 10/11/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 12/20/2019 Number of Days to Update: 70	Source: EPA Telephone: 202-566-0500 Last EDR Contact: 04/10/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/20/2020 Data Release Frequency: Annually	
	m (ICIS) supports the information needs of the national enforcement e needs of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)	
Date of Government Version: 11/18/2016 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 11/23/2016 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/10/2017 Number of Days to Update: 79	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 202-564-2501 Last EDR Contact: 03/26/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/20/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly	
FTTS tracks administrative cases and pesticio	deral Insecticide, Fungicide, & Rodenticide Act)/TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) le enforcement actions and compliance activities related to FIFRA, Community Right-to-Know Act). To maintain currency, EDR contacts the	
Date of Government Version: 04/09/2009 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 04/16/2009 Date Made Active in Reports: 05/11/2009 Number of Days to Update: 25	Source: EPA/Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances Telephone: 202-566-1667 Last EDR Contact: 08/18/2017 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 12/04/2017 Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned	
FTTS INSP: FIFRA/ TSCA Tracking System - FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, & Rodenticide Act)/TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) A listing of FIFRA/TSCA Tracking System (FTTS) inspections and enforcements.		
Date of Government Version: 04/09/2009 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 04/16/2009 Date Made Active in Reports: 05/11/2009 Number of Days to Update: 25	Source: EPA Telephone: 202-566-1667 Last EDR Contact: 08/18/2017 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 12/04/2017 Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned	
	y Commission and contains a list of approximately 8,100 sites which th are subject to NRC licensing requirements. To maintain currency, 	
Date of Government Version: 10/25/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 10/25/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 01/15/2020 Number of Days to Update: 82	Source: Nuclear Regulatory Commission Telephone: 301-415-7169 Last EDR Contact: 04/10/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/03/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly	

COAL ASH DOE: Steam-Electric Plant Operation Data A listing of power plants that store ash in surface ponds.

Date of Government Version: 12/31/2018	Source: Department of Energy
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/04/2019	Telephone: 202-586-8719
Date Made Active in Reports: 01/15/2020	Last EDR Contact: 03/06/2020
Number of Days to Update: 42	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/15/2020
	Data Release Frequency: Varies

COAL ASH EPA: Coal Combustion Residues Surface Impoundments List A listing of coal combustion residues surface impoundments with high hazard potential ratings.

Date of Government Version: 01/12/2017	Source: Environmental Protection Agency
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/05/2019	Telephone: N/A
Date Made Active in Reports: 11/11/2019	Last EDR Contact: 02/27/2020
Number of Days to Update: 251	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/15/2020
	Data Release Frequency: Varies

PCB TRANSFORMER: PCB Transformer Registration Database

The database of PCB transformer registrations that includes all PCB registration submittals.

Date of Government Version: 09/13/2019	Source: Environmental Protection Agency
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 11/06/2019	Telephone: 202-566-0517
Date Made Active in Reports: 02/10/2020	Last EDR Contact: 02/07/2020
Number of Days to Update: 96	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/18/2020
	Data Release Frequency: Varies

RADINFO: Radiation Information Database

The Radiation Information Database (RADINFO) contains information about facilities that are regulated by U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations for radiation and radioactivity.

Date of Government Version: 07/01/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 07/01/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 09/23/2019 Number of Days to Update: 84 Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 202-343-9775 Last EDR Contact: 07/01/2019 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/13/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly

HIST FTTS: FIFRA/TSCA Tracking System Administrative Case Listing

A complete administrative case listing from the FIFRA/TSCA Tracking System (FTTS) for all ten EPA regions. The information was obtained from the National Compliance Database (NCDB). NCDB supports the implementation of FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act) and TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act). Some EPA regions are now closing out records. Because of that, and the fact that some EPA regions are not providing EPA Headquarters with updated records, it was decided to create a HIST FTTS database. It included records that may not be included in the newer FTTS database updates. This database is no longer updated.

Date of Government Version: 10/19/2006	Source: Environmental Protection Agency
Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/01/2007	Telephone: 202-564-2501
Date Made Active in Reports: 04/10/2007	Last EDR Contact: 12/17/2007
Number of Days to Update: 40	Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 03/17/2008
	Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned

HIST FTTS INSP: FIFRA/TSCA Tracking System Inspection & Enforcement Case Listing

A complete inspection and enforcement case listing from the FIFRA/TSCA Tracking System (FTTS) for all ten EPA regions. The information was obtained from the National Compliance Database (NCDB). NCDB supports the implementation of FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act) and TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act). Some EPA regions are now closing out records. Because of that, and the fact that some EPA regions are not providing EPA Headquarters with updated records, it was decided to create a HIST FTTS database. It included records that may not be included in the newer FTTS database updates. This database is no longer updated.

	Date of Government Version: 10/19/2006 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 03/01/2007 Date Made Active in Reports: 04/10/2007 Number of Days to Update: 40	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 202-564-2501 Last EDR Contact: 12/17/2008 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 03/17/2008 Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned
DOT	OPS: Incident and Accident Data Department of Transporation, Office of Pipeline	e Safety Incident and Accident data.
	Date of Government Version: 01/02/2020 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 01/28/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 04/17/2020 Number of Days to Update: 80	Source: Department of Transporation, Office of Pipeline Safety Telephone: 202-366-4595 Last EDR Contact: 04/28/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/10/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly
CONSENT: Superfund (CERCLA) Consent Decrees Major legal settlements that establish responsibility and standards for cleanup at NPL (Superfund) sites. Released periodically by United States District Courts after settlement by parties to litigation matters.		
	Date of Government Version: 12/31/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 01/17/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 03/06/2020 Number of Days to Update: 49	Source: Department of Justice, Consent Decree Library Telephone: Varies Last EDR Contact: 03/26/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/20/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies
BRS: Biennial Reporting System The Biennial Reporting System is a national system administered by the EPA that collects data on the generation and management of hazardous waste. BRS captures detailed data from two groups: Large Quantity Generators (LQG) and Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities.		
	Date of Government Version: 12/31/2015 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/22/2017 Date Made Active in Reports: 09/28/2017 Number of Days to Update: 218	Source: EPA/NTIS Telephone: 800-424-9346 Last EDR Contact: 03/25/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/06/2020 Data Release Frequency: Biennially
INDIA	AN RESERV: Indian Reservations This map layer portrays Indian administered la than 640 acres.	nds of the United States that have any area equal to or greater
	Date of Government Version: 12/31/2014 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 07/14/2015 Date Made Active in Reports: 01/10/2017 Number of Days to Update: 546	Source: USGS Telephone: 202-208-3710 Last EDR Contact: 04/10/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/20/2020 Data Release Frequency: Semi-Annually
FUSRAP: Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program DOE established the Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP) in 1974 to remediate sites where radioactive contamination remained from Manhattan Project and early U.S. Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) operations.		
	Date of Government Version: 08/08/2017 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 09/11/2018 Date Made Active in Reports: 09/14/2018 Number of Days to Update: 3	Source: Department of Energy Telephone: 202-586-3559 Last EDR Contact: 04/29/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/17/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies
UMT	RA: Uranium Mill Tailings Sites	for federal accomment use in national defence programs. When the mills

Uranium ore was mined by private companies for federal government use in national defense programs. When the mills shut down, large piles of the sand-like material (mill tailings) remain after uranium has been extracted from the ore. Levels of human exposure to radioactive materials from the piles are low; however, in some cases tailings were used as construction materials before the potential health hazards of the tailings were recognized.

Date of Government Version: 08/30/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 11/15/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 01/28/2020 Number of Days to Update: 74	Source: Department of Energy Telephone: 505-845-0011 Last EDR Contact: 02/21/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/01/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies
LEAD SMELTER 1: Lead Smelter Sites A listing of former lead smelter site locations.	
Date of Government Version: 01/30/2020 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 02/05/2020 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/14/2020 Number of Days to Update: 9	Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 703-603-8787 Last EDR Contact: 04/02/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/13/2020 Data Release Frequency: Varies
LEAD SMELTER 2: Lead Smelter Sites A list of several hundred sites in the U.S. where secondary lead smelting was done from 1931and 1964. These sites may pose a threat to public health through ingestion or inhalation of contaminated soil or dust	
Date of Government Version: 04/05/2001 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 10/27/2010 Date Made Active in Reports: 12/02/2010 Number of Days to Update: 36	Source: American Journal of Public Health Telephone: 703-305-6451 Last EDR Contact: 12/02/2009 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: N/A Data Release Frequency: No Update Planned
US AIRS (AFS): Aerometric Information Retrieval System Facility Subsystem (AFS) The database is a sub-system of Aerometric Information Retrieval System (AIRS). AFS contains compliance data on air pollution point sources regulated by the U.S. EPA and/or state and local air regulatory agencies. This information comes from source reports by various stationary sources of air pollution, such as electric power plants, steel mills, factories, and universities, and provides information about the air pollutants they produce. Action, air program, air program pollutant, and general level plant data. It is used to track emissions and compliance data from industrial plants.	
Date of Government Version: 10/12/2016 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 10/26/2016 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/03/2017 Number of Days to Update: 100	Source: EPA Telephone: 202-564-2496 Last EDR Contact: 09/26/2017 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 01/08/2018 Data Release Frequency: Annually
US AIRS MINOR: Air Facility System Data A listing of minor source facilities.	
Date of Government Version: 10/12/2016 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 10/26/2016 Date Made Active in Reports: 02/03/2017 Number of Days to Update: 100	Source: EPA Telephone: 202-564-2496 Last EDR Contact: 09/26/2017 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 01/08/2018 Data Release Frequency: Annually
MINES VIOLATIONS: MSHA Violation Assessment Data Mines violation and assessment information. Department of Labor, Mine Safety & Health Administration.	
Date of Government Version: 12/03/2019 Date Data Arrived at EDR: 12/03/2019 Date Made Active in Reports: 01/28/2020 Number of Days to Update: 56	Source: DOL, Mine Safety & Health Admi Telephone: 202-693-9424 Last EDR Contact: 03/02/2020 Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/15/2020 Data Release Frequency: Quarterly
US MINES: Mines Master Index File Contains all mine identification numbers issued for mines active or opened since 1971. The data also includes	

Contains all mine identification numbers issued for mines active or opened since 1971. The data also includes violation information.